The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.

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The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1884.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XVIII, NO 28
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLVIII, NO 20

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1W	2W	3W	6W	1Y
One inch	$2 00	$2 50	$3 00	$5 00	$8 00
Two inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	8 00	13 00
Three inches	4 00	5 00	7 00	11 00	18 00
Four inches	5 00	7 00	9 00	15 00	23 00
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Half column	10 00	14 00	17 00	25 00	50 00
One column	20 00	25 00	30 00	50 00	100 00

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Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

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B. FRANK ZARR, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Bloomsburg, Pa. Office corner of Centre and Main Streets, Clark's Building. Can be consulted in German.

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JOHN C. YOCUM, Attorney-at-Law. CATAWISSA, PA. Office in News Item building, Main street. Member of the American Attorneys' Association. Collections made in any part of America.

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THE NEWEST, LATEST AND BEST Designs in WALL PAPER, Are Offered at LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES, BY G. A. Buckingham, MARKET ST., Berwick, Pa. April 25-3m

L. A. SHATTUCK, M. D. Medical Superintendent of the Sanitarium. Invalid's Home. Bloomsburg, Pa., Devotes special attention to Epilepsy, Nervous Affections, and Diseases of Women. Patients received at the Sanitarium on reasonable terms for board and treatment. P. S.—No charge for first consultation. apr 27, '83

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A Great Medical Work on Manhood. Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man. Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretion of excesses. A book for every man, young, middle-aged and old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all acute and chronic diseases, each one of which is invaluable, so found by the Author, whose experience for 23 years is such as probably never before fell to the lot of any physician. 300 pages, bound in beautiful French muslin, embossed covers, full gilt, guaranteed to be a finer work in every sense—mechanical, literary and professional—than any other work sold in this country for $2.50, or the money will be refunded in every instance. Price only $1.00 by mail post-paid. Illustrative sample 6 cents. Send now. Gold medal awarded the author by the National Medical Association, to the officers of which he refers. The Science of Life should be read by the young for instruction, and by the afflicted for relief. It will benefit all—*London Lancet.* There is no member of society to whom The Science of Life will not be useful, whether youth, parent, guardian, instructor or clergyman.—*Argonaut.* Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate diseases and that have baffled the skill of all other physicians a specialty. Such treated successfully HEAL without an instance of failure. Mention this paper. THYSELF June 27-4 w d

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Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg. oct. 24, 9-1y

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	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.	$7,078,220
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,165,710
Phœnix, of London	5,266,376
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,970
Hartford of Hartford	5,573,860
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,082,580

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '83-t

BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL —:o:— The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line. FRAMES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING, Etc. furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed. ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman CHARLES KRUG, Bloomsburg, Pa

THE COMPLETE HOME Agents Wanted for this beautiful book. New edition.—New bindings.—New illustrations from new designs, handsomely gotten up, sold low price. Adapted to all classes. Sells at sight. Agents doing big work. EXCELLENT TERMS. The handsomest prospectus ever issued. Apply now. BRADLEY, GARRETSON & Co., 66 North 4th St. Philadelphia, Pa. Also other grand new books and Bibles. mar 28-1y ald

CLOTHING! CLOTHING! BERTSCH'S, AT BERTSCH'S, THE ARTIST CUTTER AND MERCHANT TAILOR, Who always gives you the latest styles, and cuts your clothing to fit you. Having had the experience for a number of years in the Tailoring Business, has learned what material will give his customers the best satisfaction for wear and style and will try to please all who give him a call. Also on hand Gents' Furnishing Goods OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. HATS, CAPS, AND UMBRELLAS Always of the latest styles. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. Store next door to First National Bank Corner Main & Market Sts. Bloomsburg, Pa. April 25-1y

E. B. BROWER, PLUMBING, GAS FITTING & STEAM HEATING. DEALER STOVES & TINWARE. All kinds of work in Sheet Iron, Roofing and Spouting promptly attended to. ☞Strict attention given to heating by steam. Corner of Main & East Sts, Bloomsburg, Pa.

TO FARMERS. The undersigned offers advantageous inducements in the purchase of the following specialties The DEERING BINDERS, MOWERS AND CORN CULTIVATORS. The Perry Spring Tooth Harrow, the best in the Market. All kinds and grades of Phosphate by the MARYLAND FERTILIZING and Manfg., Co. FREDRICK HAGENBUCH, Agent, ESPY Columbia Co., Pa. May 3-2 mos.

M. C. SLOAN & BRO, BLOOMSBURG, PA. Manufacturers of CARRIAGES BUGGIES, PHAETONS. SLEIGHS, PLATFORM WAGONS, &C First-class work always on hand. *REPAIRING NEATLY DONE. Prices reduced to suit the times.*

YOU CANNOT GET WELL AT HOME. Fairview Electropathic Institute, BINGHAMTON, N. Y. A GOOD PLACE FOR THE SICK. The house is specially fitted up for the comfort of invalids who desire a pleasant and Christian home. Stands on high ground with plenty of shade. Personal attention given to every patient. Electricity and Galvanism in their different modifications a specialty. Prof. Mills has given many years of study and practice to this branch, and hundreds will testify to his skill. Send for circular, stating what paper you saw this in. PROF. HENRY MILLS, Mrs. ALICE FRENCH MILLS, Lock Box 97. Binghamton, N. Y. Sept. 7'83-1y.

$11,950 IN CASH GIVEN AWAY To SMOKERS of Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco.

This Special Deposit is to guarantee the payment of the 25 premiums fully described in our former announcements. The premiums will be paid, no matter how small the number of bags returned may be.

Office Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co., *Durham, N. C., May 10, 1884.*

P. A. WILEY, Esq., *Cashier Bank of Durham, Durham, N. C.*

DEAR SIR:—We inclose you $11,950.00, which please place on Special Deposit to pay premiums for our empty tobacco bags to be returned Dec. 1885. Yours truly, J. S. CARR, President.

Office of the Bank of Durham, *Durham, N. C., May 10, 1884.*

J. S. CARR, Esq., *Pres. Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co.*

DEAR SIR:—I have to acknowledge receipt of $11,950.00 from you, which we have placed upon Special Deposit for the object you state. Yours truly, P. A. WILEY, Cashier.

None genuine without picture of BULL on the packages. ☞See our other announcements March 21-tf

KIDNEY-WORT DOES WONDERFUL CURES OF KIDNEY DISEASES AND LIVER COMPLAINTS, Why? Because it acts on the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS at the same time. Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Disorders and all Female Complaints. ☞*SOLID PROOF OF THIS.* IT WILL SURELY CURE CONSTIPATION, PILES, and RHEUMATISM, By causing FREE ACTION of all the organs and functions, thereby CLEANSING the BLOOD restoring the normal power to throw off disease. THOUSANDS OF CASES of the worst forms of these terrible diseases have been quickly relieved, and in a short time PERFECTLY CURED. PRICE, $1. LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Dry can be sent by mail. WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington, Vt. Send stamp for Diary Almanac for 1884. KIDNEY-WORT

Spring Without Blossoms. LATE IN LIFE TO LOOK FOR JOY—YET NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND.

Readers of Hawthorne's "House of Seven Gables" will recall the pathos with which poor Clifford Pyncheon, who had been unjustly imprisoned since his early manhood, said, after his release,: "My life is gone, and where is my happiness? Oh! give me my happiness." But that could be done only in part, as gleams of warm sunshine occasionally fall across the gloom of a New England autumn day.

In a letter to Messrs. Hiscox & Co., Mr. L. H. Titus, of Pennington, N. J., says: "I have suffered untold misery from childhood from chronic disease of the bowels and diarrhœa, accompanied by great pain. I sought relief at the hands of physicians of every school and used every patent and dependable remedy under the sun. I have at last found in PARKER'S TONIC a complete specific, preventive and cure. As your invaluable medicine, which did for me what nothing else could do, is entitled to the credit of my getting back my happy days, I cheerfully and gratefully acknowledge the fact."

Mr. E. S. Wells, who needs no introduction to the people of Jersey City, adds: "The testimonial of Mr. Titus is genuine and voluntary; only he does not adequately portray the suffering he has endured for many years. He is my brother-in-law, and I know the case well. He is now perfectly free from his old troubles and enjoys health and life, ascribing it all to PARKER'S TONIC.

Unequalled as an invigorant; stimulates all the organs; cures all ailments of the liver, kidneys, and all diseases of the blood.

GOLD for the working class. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you *free*, a royal valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business, Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to $5 every evening. That all who want may test the business, we make this unparalled offer; to all that are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. Dec 21-1

(Continued from last week.)

How Watch Cases are Made.

This process of manufacture was invented by James Boss, who started in business in 1854, and the methods and tools used in making these watch cases are covered by patents. *This is the only watch case made under this process.* For many years the introduction of these goods was slow, owing to popular prejudice against "plate" goods, but gradually the public learned that the *James Boss' Gold Watch Case* was not a *cheap gold-washed* or *electro-plated* article, but was made of *genuine gold plate of standard quality* and *thickness.* Conscientious adherence to the determination to make the *best* watch case ever put on the market, and the adoption of every improvement suggested, has made the *James Boss' Gold Watch Case* the STANDARD. In this watch case the parts most subject to wear—the *bow, crown, hinges, thumb-catches,* etc., are made of SOLID GOLD.

Send 2 cent stamp to Keystone Watch Case Factories, Philadelphia, Pa., for handsome illustrated Pamphlet, showing how James Boss' and Keystone Watch Cases are made.

(To be continued.)

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CASTORIA for Infants and Children. "Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

CENTAUR LINIMENT An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Pain in the Back, Burns, Galls, &c. An Instantaneous Pain-relieving and Healing Remedy.

SELECT STORY.

MIRIAM DOUGLAS.

BY LAWRENCE BARRETTI.

"I'm sorry to interrupt you, sir; but the lock on your satchel is broken, making the things unsafe, besides being a very shabby old bag, sir, begging your pardon."

So quoth Eliza, relict of Josiah Nims, the sexton, to her lodger, the Rev. Julius Byron.

"What a bore!" exclaimed this gentleman, "when I really haven't the time to attend to anything but these letters!"

"I have an errand which takes me past Piper & Tipson's. I could buy you a new satchel, if you would trust me. Going among all those fine people at the wedding with your lock tied up with a bit of string wouldn't do at all, sir."

"Thank you, Mrs. Nims; I have great trust in your judgment, and should be obliged if you would attend to this matter for me and save my going into town."

As the door closed after his landlady, the Reverend Julius Byron resumed his writing with a sigh of relief. As he sat leaning his head on his disengaged hand—a hand beautiful enough to atone for plainness in all other features had nature willed him to be plain—Julius Byron was an ideal picture of a student—brown eyes, with a far-away dreamy look, hair long enough to show a tendency to wave loosely back from the forehead, and a pale, clear complexion set off by a golden-brown velveteen coat, which he wore when in his study. Twenty-nine years old, undeniably handsome, gifted with winning manners, and shepherd of a flock most willing to be guided, Julius Byron, as if by a miracle, had escaped being spoiled and petted into effeminacy. His safeguard lay perhaps in a pair of soft eyes which had held him spell-bound for a few rapturous weeks, and the witchery of which had lasted over three years of almost total separation.

Miriam Douglas, dispensing tea and gingerbread to a horde of charity children in the park at Mount Edgecombe, was one of the prettiest and daintiest of women, in a muslin dress in color-matching forget-me-nots and her eyes equally well, and with roses at her waist and throat which stole their delicate tint from her cheeks.

Miriam was 17 that day, and the blue muslin was her first long dress; to to this the little lassie paid far more attention than to the admiring gaze of two dreamy brown eyes. After the feast there were offerings of flowers, good wishes, and rather too many kisses and embraces from the charity children, and, among other trophies, Miriam Douglas carried away the heart of the Reverend Julius Byron. Had she known this, it would have affected her less than the consciousness that the Barclay girls, her former playmates, were enviously admiring the grown up womanish arrangements of her bright silky hair.

There were a few tennis parties and 5 o'clock teas after this, during which Mr. Byron worshiped his divinity from afar. She seemed a little in awe of him, and rarely spoke with him more than five minutes at a time. What a delightful task it would be to chase away the timidity from the soft fawn-like eyes, and how pleasant to think that the sea-shell pink stole to her cheeks from joy at his approach!

Fate, however, cruelly interfered with Mr. Byron's dream of awakening loving confidence in the bosom of this bashful maiden of 17. In three short weeks, before he had made any perceptible headway, Miriam was summoned to the bedside of a dying relative, and Julius Byron was called to a parish in a commercial town.

Three long years this idyl had been in the past, and through all this time the memory of Miriam Douglas excluded any other love from the young clergyman's heart, though many were the godesses willing to be therein enshrined.

He wondered at himself; she had slipped completely out of his material existence; he knew not where she was or if she were dead, or worse—married. Still with all this uncertainty, he could not forget her, and a voice within him seemed to whisper that they would meet again.

The rapid skimming of his pen over the white page was stayed for the second time by a heavy footstep at the door outside, and Mrs. Nims, panting and crimson from the ascent of the steep stairs, exclaimed:

"There, sir; you could not have found a better or cheaper satchel yourself if you had searched the town from end to end. Piper and Tipson say on their oath that it is a first-rate one, and that you needn't fear exchanging with any one by mistake, for they had only one of the kind. This decided me to take it, for, being rather an absent-minded gentleman, you might easily pick up the wrong bag."

"Thank you, Mrs. Nims, thank you, each time that you do anything for me you give me fresh cause to admire your clever management and forethought."

In the wedding to take place on the following day Mr. Byron felt no particular interest. The contracting parties were almost strangers to him, as were also the guests, with the exception of Willis Howard, a school chum of days gone by, and a friend ever since of the young clergymen.

Owing to the illness of the bride's mother, the ceremony was performed at home. It was a pretty wedding, the bride graceful, sweet, and pale as a lily in her sheeny fleecy drapery; and among the guests was the subdued merriment which prevails when the entertainers exhibit unreservedly the signs of joy and sorrow—the smile and tear both coming from the heart.

After the ceremony, Mr. Byron betook himself to a dressing room to fold his surplice and replace it in the satchel chosen by Mrs. Nims. While so engaged, a letter was handed him with the word "Immediate" written conspicuously on the envelope. The contents were as follows:

MARLOW HALL, Thursday, 18th.

"If the Reverend Julius Byron could find it convenient to officiate at a private baptism this afternoon at Marlow Hall, he would confer a great favor on the undersigned. Mr. Byron is requested to pardon the apparent abruptness of this notice, as the case is urgent. The 2 p. m. train stops at Portland station, where a carriage will be in waiting.

STANFIELD MARLOW."

"You will go, I suppose?" said Willis Howard, to whom Mr. Byron presently showed his note.

"Of course; one cannot refuse such a summons. It is probably a question of life and death."

"I am due at Uxmoore to-night—rather a different errand from yours—a masquerade party. I am sorry we are not traveling in the same direction."

"I am sorry also. Do you know anything of the people at Marlow Hall, Howard?"

"Never heard of them before. Are they strangers to you?"

"Entirely so."

"Now good-bye, old fellow; my traps are all stowed away in the train, and I had better follow them. Take care of yourself among those mysterious strangers."

In the bustle and confusion at the station Mr. Byron's satchel was mislaid; but he presently caught sight of the familiar object on a distant table, and felt inwardly thankful for its ungainly proportions and the huge brass diamond which made it so easily recognized.

At Portland a respectably-dressed man in charge of a wagonette came forward to meet Mr. Byron, and during the drive to the Hall the former discoursed freely upon the existing state of affairs there.

A son and heir to her fine estate had arrived, and there had been great rejoicing there; but within the past twenty-four hours their joy had been turned into mourning by a despatch summoning the newly-made father to the death-bed of his only sister, in Germany. The young mother seemed to feel a presentiment of misfortune, and insisted upon the baby's being baptized before the departure of its father. The clergyman of the parish was temporarily absent; hence Mr. Byron's hasty summons. The ceremony would be performed in the chapel connected with the Hall, and would be very quiet, being witnessed only by the father and grandfather of the child, with possibly one or two guests.

After lunching in a sombre, richly-decorated dining hall, Mr. Byron was shown to a bed room, with the intimation that his services in the chapel would be required in an hour, if convenient to him.

There was something strange and interesting about the fine old mansion, so lately a scene of rejoicing, and now silent as an empty church. No members of the family were visible, and the great house seemed deserted, save for a few silent-footed servants.

As the time for the baptism drew near, Mr. Byron asked to be conducted to the vestry room. To make sure that everything was in readiness, he opened his satchel, when to his consternation, instead of drawing forth a neatly-folded surplice, he held up before his astonished gaze a doublet and hose of scarlet and gray satin, such as might be seen on the stage in "As You Like It."

Alas for the veracity of Messrs. Piper and Tipson and the credulity of the worthy Mrs. Nims! The so-called unique bag had many duplicates, and Mr. Willis Howard had bought one that very morning in which to stow away his fancy ball costume.

Here was a predicament, indeed, for the Rev. Julius Byron! In desperation he flew to the wardrobe in the vestry room. Vain hope! Not a shred of the other clergyman's vestments hung there. What was to be done?

Even if in extreme cases the church rules permitted the clergy to officiate without robes in sacred edifice—and for the moment Mr. Byron was too bewildered to think whether this would be permissible or not—how could he explain the annoying mistake to these strangers? They, already so troubled, would think him an untrustworthy, careless trifler.

In his perplexity he rung for the man who had already waited on him.

"Is there a lady in the house with whom I could speak for a few moments?" Mr. Byron asked.

"My mistress' cousin is here: but she does not leave the invalid's rooms for anything just at present."

"Then I will write my message in a note."

He stated the case as clearly as he could on paper, and despatched the servant with it. In answer the lady sent her maid to inquire if the search had been made everywhere in the vestry for a surplice. He sent back word that further search was useless.

After some moments of, to him, terrible suspense—for him to appear in the chapel—the maid returned and with deep blushes and a nervous twitching of her apron-hem, began:

"My young lady told me to tell you, sir, that if you would not think it any harm, she would send you her——Oh, no, I don't mean, that, sir. She said I was not to say who it belonged to, but she would cut the bands off the sleeves and the lace from the neck, and it would be long, and nobody would notice that it was a night-gown, sir; and if you don't mind, sir, I would go and fetch it at once, for there is no time to lose."

The servant girl's concluding words were only too true, and however much he might have hesitated at her suggestion in cooler moments, he was thankful now for any solution to the difficulty.

"Tell your mistress that I shall be very grateful to her for the loan she proposes, if she thinks the deception will not be discovered."

The servant vanished, and was soon on the spot again with a snowy linen night-gown. The neck at the back had been torn down to admit broader shoulders and a lineg handkerchief had been hastily stitched in to hide the rent. Most of the ornamentations had been cut away, but enough remained to prove that the garment belonged to a lady of very daintv tastes.

Thankful for this semblance of a surplice, and too hurried to feel amusement, Mr. Byron arrayed himself, entered the chancel and the service began at once. He observed with a sigh of thankfulnes that the chapel was very dark; and this enabled him to read without much nervousness. Two gentlemen came forward with the baby and its nurse, and for a brief time during the service the young clergyman saw indistinctly the slender figure of a lady standing in the dimly-lighted aisle. Before the end of the ceremony her feelings seemed to overcome her, for she left the church stifling what might have been a sob, but which sounded strangely like a laugh.

What Mr. Byron feared would be a trying ordeal was soon over, and he re-entered the vestry room with a much lighter heart than when he left it.

While disrobing, a name in indelible ink on the gown attracted his attention. Perhaps he should have respected his fair benefactress' wish to remain unknown, but the temptation was too strong. He turned to the light and read the name—"Miriam Douglass"—under the tucks and embroidery of the robe which he had just discarded.

Was it a coincidence, or had a kind fate led him to the shrine of his idol? The uncertainty was not to be borne.

"Will you ask Miss Douglas if she can grant me five minutes interview before I go?" he said to the girl who came, in great trepidation, for the novel surplice.

In a cosy little reception room Julius Byron was presently received by her who had been the companion of his happiest dreams during more than three years. The blushing bashfulness had vanished, leaving in its stead a graceful womanly dignity. She was a sweeter, fairer Miriam even than of old, "divinely tall and divinely fair."

"Oh, Mr. Byron, how horrified you must be! You signed initials only to your note, and I little suspected to whom I was offering that garment. I recognized you at once in church, and, in spite of the solemnity of the occasion I had to laugh. It was such an uncommonly bad fit!"

"It was a great boon to me, and I shall be everlastingly grateful to you for coming to the rescue."

A sudden indifference as to the hours of departing trains seemed to take possession of Mr. Byron, and he found himself, with a certain amount of equanimity, accepting an invitation to spend the night at the Hall.

At the conclusion of her visit to her cousin, Mrs. Marlow, Miriam betook herself to the house of a friend, who extended many informal invitations to Mr. Byron as well.

One soft fragrant evening, among the Jnne roses, Julius Byron told his love story, and Miriam listened with a look in her eyes which told her lover that he spoke not in vain.

* * * * * * *

"How provoked you, in turn, must have been at finding my surplice instead of the fancy costume!" said Mr. Byron to his friend Willis. when they again met.

"I was in a rage at first, I admit," answered Mr. Howard. "But affairs turned out not so bad, after all, I put on the surplice to see how it became me, when one of the maids, catching a glimpse of me through the window set up a scream, declaring that she had seen a ghost. This brought a lot of visitors out of their rooms among, whom, to my surprise, was Edith Fulton—my Edith, you know. We had quarreled and parted, never to meet again; but the ridiculous feature of this scene seemed to break the ice between us, and——Well, Byron, I have blessed the memory of your surplice ever since!"

"That contretemps of the satchels was a lucky thing for us both."

"Piper and Tipson and their humbugs forever!" exclaimed young Howard.

A Daring Fisherman.

John Traynor, the Maine fisherman who is about to start on a rowing trip to Europe in a dory, thus revealed some of his life to a reporter:

"I was born in Georgetown, Maine, twelve miles from Bath, and have always followed the water. For some years I have been perfecting to my own satisfaction a boat that will be a perfect life-boat and life craft for ships and steamers, and in order to convince the public that my invention is safe, what better way is there than by crossing the ocean in it? Two years ago, with a companion, Ivar Olsen, a young Norwegian, who is a civil engineer, I sailed from Bath in an 18-foot dory on the 6th of July. Forty-six days later we landed in Havre, France. On this cruise we sailed, being in constant motion night and day. She was a keel boat. Now I propose to row the trip in this 16-foot-dory, which I have just had built. My life boat will be made of two life boats like these two dories, one placed over the other, but I do not care to talk of this till I have patented the invention. My voyage this time will be made with oars, of which I shall take three pairs.

"One pair ought to last me over, but I shall take plenty, together with an abundance of provisions, tools, rope and all sorts of stuff. I shall have no company but my dog Jumbo, and I shall be about 100 days on the trip, I think. I shall row nights and sleep days, because it is not safe to leave the boat alone in the night. She would be run down. I met over fifty vessels in my last trip across. When asleep I keep my boat's head to the wind with a floating anchor or drag, which holds her bow to the wind and which permits her to sag away to the leeward easily, at the rate of a mile or two per hour. Supposing I upset? Why, I shall be well supplied with life-preservers and shall be lashed to the dory. The boat is well ballasted with sand bags fixed in her bottom, so that if she is knocked over by the sea it will be impossible for her to do otherwise than to right herself. We were upset once on our other voyage."

A dory is a light, flat-bottomed, high sided open boat, used on the Eastern coast of the United States and the Grand Banks by fishermen. When ballasted properly they are regarded as the safest sea boats in the world. They are dry, and may be landed in any surf by a skilled navigator. They draw but an inch of water when light. Captain Traynor has taken one of these boats and decked her over with a rounding deck that will shed water like a duck's back. In the centre is sheathed up a cockpit, where he will sit to row. She is fitted with air chambers, in case of springing a leak, a life line runs about her, and the drag, or floating anchor, is a sheet of cork eighteen inches square, one end of which is weighted with lead, so that it affords a good hold on water when the boat is moored to it in a gale. In ballast she will draw fifteen and a half inches of water.

Now is the Time for Woodcock.

The woodcock is, at present, the sole inspiring object of the true sportsman's thought. From the brakes and marshes of the South the woodcock comes North to breed, arriving by night in the latter part of March or early in April, and instinctively repairing to the very spot where it first squeaked its approbation of the first dewy spring morning. The early part of July was formerly anticipated by sportsmen as the season of rare sport with the long-billed birds, as, with the advent of the anniversary of independence, the laws governing the shooting of woodcock were off in most of the States. But the laws have changed, men and times have changed, and things are not what they used to be.

There was woodcock shooting then, but where one gentleman followed the pastime those days fifty follow it now, consequently the birds have been thinned out to an alarming extent. Then, too, the sportsman of five and twenty years ago was a decidedly different individual from the sportsman of this era. The former with his $50 muzzle-loader, was proud when four or five couples of the delicious game, carefully buttoned up in his game bag, rewarded his mornings's toil. The latter, picturesquely attired from head to foot in the latest most approved pattern of sporting apparel, with his three-hundred and-fifty-dollar-treble-wedge-patent-fore-end-instantaneous annihilator, loaded down with patent appurtenances, necessitating the aid of a page and guide at $5 a day, kills all at random, so that none is left to replenish the haunts the next season. No wonder that stringent laws have been enacted by several States, some of which forbid the pillaging of their game preserves by non-residents under heavy penalties.

Notwithstanding all this, however, those who have a day or two of leisure at this time may find good shooting in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland and Virginia. It has long been a mooted point as to the proper time to shoot a woodcock. Some sportsmen hold that from the fifteenth of September on to the time of the first sharp frosts is about the right season, as the birds are not fully matured by the fourth of July. Others argue that, if this rule be adopted, the birds cannot be found in their old haunts at the time specified, that they take to the high timber lands and their whereabouts are very uncertain. Whatever truth there may be in this, one thing is certain, that birds seldom quit their place until they are matured. Another point which would seem to favor the postponement of the season until a little later is the fact that where the first broods have been hatched early and destroyed by the heavy April floods—which is very often the case—the parent birds rear a second which are not fully grown by the early part of July, and for this one reason some states have forbidden the shooting until Aug. 1. Another great objection to summer woodcock shooting is the terrible fatigue consequent to man and dog with the thermometer at 90 degrees.

A light gun of about seven or seven and a half pounds weight, with three drachms of powders and an ounce of No. 8 shot, will do effective work in the hands of a moderately fair shooter. The little cocker spaniels should be employed in woodcock shooting. They are very faithful and obedient hunters, capable of performing twice the work of the pointer or setter, and with one-half of the exertion. The laws on woodcock shooting for the neighboring States are as follows: Open season in New York State, Aug. 1 to Jan. 1. except in Oneida and Herkimer counties, where the season is not open till Sept. 1; New Jersey, July 1 to Aug. 1, and from Sept. 1 to Dec. 1 making August a close month. Pennsylvania, July 4 to Jan. 1; Maryland, June 14 to Feb. 1; Virginia, July 1 to Feb. 1; and Connecticut, from Oct. 1 to Jan. 1. To shoot in the State of Delaware it is necessary to become a member of the Delaware Game Protective Association.

Worse than a Ghost.

A stranger was sitting in the cemetery of a town in northern Ohio one evening recently when a man approached him and remarked politely:

This is rather a ghostly place after dark, sir. The tombstones standing white and still in the moonlight look like so many weird spirits of the night."

"Oh," replied the stranger, laughing pleasantly, "I am not at all superstitious. I never had any fear of ghosts, even when I was a small boy."

The two gentlemen then chatted for a few moments, and finally the stranger said:

"May I have the pleasure of knowing your name?"

"Certainly, sir," was the polite response. My name is Rutherford B. Hayes."

"Great St. Muldoon!" yelled the man who wasn't afraid of ghosts, as he sprang to his feet and made a break for the town.

Bones for Grapevines.

If bones are really as valuable as they are claimed to be by some for grapevines, every one has the means at hand for stimulating his vines to a wonderful vigor. It is said that if a bone is placed in the earth near the root of the grape, the vine will send out a leading root directly to the bone. In its passage it will throw out no fibers, but when it reaches the bone, the root will entirely cover it with the most delicate fibers, like lace, each one seeking a pore of the bone. On this bone the vine will continue to feed as long as nutriment remains to be extracted.

When you measure aught give full measure and weight with a just balance. One hour of equity is better than seventy years of devotion.

If female juries ever become established in this country, hemely men and pretty women will do well to keep within the confines of the law.

A Massachusetts man has been sued for $5000 for offering to kiss a lady. If he had succeeded she probably would have had him indicated for murder.

A local curiosity in Louisville, Ky., is a bird with a head like that of a monkey. It swallows live sparrows entire.

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1884.

Congress adjourned on Tuesday.

We should be very glad to be able to deny the charge that whiskey is being distributed in demijohns in several townships, by Democratic candidates, for the purpose of influencing votes at the coming delegate election. That such charges are allowed to go undenied is a disgrace to the party. If it is not true, then let every candidate who is accused of this make an open denial of it in the newspapers; and if true, the respectable voters who cannot be influenced by a drink of whiskey should put the seal of condemnation on such methods by finding out who are doing it, and then by a big vote at the primaries, give the guilty parties the "grand bounce." The time has come when men should be put in office because of their qualifications, and those who expect to secure nominations by the free use of money, and by the influence of whiskey are liable to be disappointed.

In a speech to the Massachusetts delegation at Chicago, Ben Butler said that he would "support the nominee of the convention, no matter who it may be." In case the honor should fall on the shoulders of another than Butler, the several parties which have already nominated him for President will be placed in an awkward fix. Butler has accepted the nominations of the Greenbackers and Anti-Monopolists, and now pledges himself to support the candidate of the third party. He thus repudiates his own action in accepting these nominations, and it remains to be seen what the two organizations will do about it. If Butler is for the Democratic nominee, he cannot support Butler, and he is therefore in the awkward position of being the candidate of two parties whose success he does not desire. Ben Butler is a political problem, and his ways are past finding out.

Government Appropriations.

THE SUMMARIES SUBMITTED TO THE HOUSE BY RANDALL AND TO THE SENATE BY ALLISON.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Mr. Randall submitted in the house a summary of the appropriation bills similar to that submitted in the senate by Mr. Allison. By this it appears that the whole amount of the appropriations for the expenses of the government for the last fiscal year was $230,187,096.90, and the whole amount appropriated directly for the current fiscal year was $186,166,477.01. Mr. Allison stated that the total amount for this year at $193,201,087.13. The discrepancy between Mr. Randall's total and that of Mr. Allison is accounted for by the fact that Mr. Allison assumed a further appropriation for the navy to cover the last six months of the current fiscal year. Adding this amount, which is nearly $8,000,000, and the $66,000,000 unexpended balances of former appriations for pensions reappropriated brings the grand total appropriated for the fiscal year already entered upon to $259,201,087 as stated by Mr. Allison.

Drowned in the Whirlpool.

BATHING IN A DANGEROUS PLACE, ALTHOUGH WARNED NOT TO DO SO.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 7.—Another drowning case has occurred at Niagara Falls, and there is a possibility that the victim made the attempt to swim the whirlpool rapids where Captain Webb lost his life last July. The circumstances are as follows: About 2 P. M. Saturday a couple of boys found a man's clothing down at the old Maid-of-the-Mist landing on the American side, and reported the matter to the Chief of Police, who found a memorandum book bearing the name of D. Albert in one of the pockets. It was learned that a man by that name had been boarding at the Frontier House for the past week, and registered from Utica, where he has an uncle. Albert had been in the habit of going down to the Mist landing bathing every evening since his arrival, although warned not to do so, and he went down as usual Saturday evening, and the manager of the hotel, thinking he had retired for the night, paid no attention to his absence. He was in the habit of being absent from the hotel for some hours at a time, being in search of employment. He was about 35 years of age, tall and blonde complexion and complained of ill health. He had been a soldier in the late war. The opinion is expressed that the man went down to have a bath as usual and risked out too far, getting into the eddies, and was carried down into the rapids. His clothes was piled up neatly with a towel on top.

Disastrous Winds.

LANCASTER COUNTY VISITED BY ANOTHER HEAVY STORM DOING IMMENSE DAMAGE.

LANCASTER, July 7.—The storm which struck this county some miles north of this city Saturday night did great damage to roads, property and crops. At some points there were heavy falls of hail, and the rain badly washed out the roads and fields. Among the sufferers is Levi S. Reist, in the vicinity of Oregon, whose tobacco sheds were blown down; his orchard was badly damaged and over one hundred locust trees were uprooted. Simon Hostetter's losses in fruit trees, fences, wheat, grass and other crops, near Oregon is estimated at one thousand dollars. Between Neffsville and New Haven at Long's farm the barn was blown down. Fenstermacher's tobacco shed was moved from its foundation. A stone barn was blown to pieces with the exception of one of the gable end walls. At Neffsville, Mr. Herr's crop of tobacco was cut to pieces by hail. Two dwelling houses belonging to Daniel Herr, near Neffsville, had their gables blown in. The roof of the barn was torn off and the crops greatly damaged. Nearly all the trees along the Lititz pike were uprooted or twisted off. Daniel Herr's woods, of five acres, has hardly a tree left standing in it, the trunks being twisted off several feet from the ground. Mrs. Henry Shiesler's barn near Petersburg, was torn to pieces, and Martin Hess' barn unroofed. Joseph Buckwalter's barn in Manheim township, was demolished, his carriages crushed and his orchard ruined.

THE CHICAGO CONVENTION.

At 12.40 p. m. on Tuesday the Convention was called to order by Chairman Barnum of the National committee. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. D. C. Marquis of the Northwestern Theological Seminary.

At the conclusion of the invocation Chairman Barnum said:

"GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION:—Harmony seems to be the sentiment of this convention; even the air seems saturated with a desire and determination to nominate a ticket for president and vice president which will be satisfactory to the north and to the south, to the east and to the west; nay, more, a ticket that will harmonize the democracy throughout the Union, and insure victory in November. Harmony prevailed in the deliberations of the national committee. No effort was made to nominate a temporary chairman in the interest of any candidate, but, on the contrary, one who shall preside over the deliberations of this convention with absolute impartiality. In that spirit and to that end I have been directed by the unanimous vote of the national committee to name the Hon. Richard B. Hubbard, of Texas, for temporary chairman of this convention."

The question was then put and unanimously agreed to, and the result having been announced the chair appointed Senator B. F. Jonas, of Louisiana; Hon George T. Barnes of Georgia, and Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, of New York, a committee to wait upon Mr. Hubbard and conduct him to the chair. As the gentlemen appeared on the stage they were greeted with tumultuous applause. Chairman Barnum extended congratulations and addressing the convention said:

"GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION:—I have the distinguished honor of presenting to this convention Hon. Richard B. Hubbard, of Texas, elected absolutely impartial temporary chairman of the convention."

The applause was then renewed and continued for several minutes, each effort to retain quiet having been received with a renewal of the cheers in increased volume. Finally order was restored and Chairman Hubbard with a gavel in his hand spoke:

Governor Hubbard in stentorian tones expressed thanks for the confidence reposed in him by his election which he regarded as a compliment to the state from which he came, and which more than any other state, was cosmopolitan in every fibre. It was peopled by the wanderers from every state and was now with over 2,000,000 people, placing in the ballot box over 100,000 democratic majority. He would not attempt to speak the great history of the democratic party. Its magnificence, its progress, its power and its wealth, but that party in all essential elements was the same to-day as when founded by the framers of the constitution. Men die, but life and the principles of the democratic party could not perish from the earth, though their advocates might sleep for ages. He thanked God that the democratic party was as much an organized party to-day as ever it was in days gone by. The democratic party to-day had the house of representatives, and but for treason stalking in the senate chamber they would have that, too. [Great cheering.] They had their presidency, too, but the robbers had stricken down their rights at the ballot box and in the very temples of liberty perjurers with pale lips and chattering teeth had stolen the fruits of victory from the democratic party. [Prolonged applause.] All good republicans to-day were ashamed of it, and all republicans to-day turned their consciences from the fraud of 1876. Eight years had passed, it was true, but the great sin of the electoral commission remained and would do so as long as the republican party remained in power. He thanked God that there was no statute of limitations to bear this indictment. Those great leaders—Tilden and Hendrics—[great applause, audience waving hats, rose to their feet and shouted long and loud] with the dignity of statesmen and the courage of men who love their country accepted the verdict of the fraud and were grander to-day in their retirement than the men who profited by the fraud. The democratic party would be in power to-day but for republican gold and notes, notes fresh and uncut from Washington the money of the Star routes attesting to the venality of the republican party. The speaker went on to denounce the administration of public affairs, glanced over the work of the Springer committee, pictured the reforms which would follow the re-entry of the democracy to power and in concluding urged that when the committee on platform reported they have no doubtful oracle, speaking with double tongue upon the great issues of the day, but such a platform that the wayfaring man, though a fool, might read and understand.

The rest of the temporary organization having been announced, Mr. Smalley, of Vermont, a member of the national committee, offered a resolution that the rules of the last democratic convention shall govern this body, except that in voting for candidates no state should be allowed to change its vote until the roll of the states had been called, and until every state had cast its vote.

Mr. Grady, of New York offered as an amendment the following: "And when the vote of a state, as announced by the chairman of the delegation, of such state, is challenged by any member of the delegation, then the secretary shall call the names of the individual delegates from the state; and their individual preference, as expressed shall be recorded as the vote of such state." [Laughter and applause.]

These resolutions elicited a long discussion, the Kelly men of New York arguing against the unit rule. The vote on the amendment resulted as follows: ayes, 332; noes, 463.

The vote was taken on the original resolution offered by Mr. Smalley, of Vermont and it was adopted. A resolution was then offered and adopted for the appointment of a committee on credentials, permanent organization and platform. It was also ordered that all resolutions in regard to the platform be referred to that committee without discussion. Mr. Frances, of Missouri, moved that when the convention adjourn it be till 11 o'clock tomorrow morning. The motion prevailed. The convention then adjourned to re-assemble at 11 o'clock Wednesday.

On Wednesday, after the introduction of a number of resolutions, the nomination of candidates was declared to be in order, and the remainder of the session was spent in speech making. Mr. George Gray of Delaware presented the name of Senator Bayard, Ex-Governor Hendricks of Indiana named Joseph E. McDonald, Mr. John W. Breckinridge named Allen G. Thuman of Ohio. Speaker Carlisle was presented by James A. McKenzie of Kentucky; Governor Cleveland was named by Mr. Lockwood, and then at 6.20 the convention adjourned until 11.30 Thursday morning.

Congress will not Pay Mr. Hayes' Bill.

Special dispatch to the Times.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—An amendment inserted in the deficiency bill by the Senate and defeated in the House to-day recalls the stirring times in Louisiana in 1877, when two State Governments were fighting for the control of affairs. The amendment appropriated three thousand dollars to reimburse Ex-President Hayes for money spent by him to pay the expenses of the commissioners who went to Louisiana to investigate and report upon the troubles there. Hayes paid the money out of his own pocket and has been trying to get it back ever since, by means of a Congressional appropriation. Representative Calkins made a strong appeal for Hayes, though he did not claim that the beneficiary was greatly in need of the money. But Randall put his foot down hard on the paragraph, declaring that there was no law for making such an appropriation. It was quite noticeable that in referring to Hayes, Randall spoke of him as Rutherford B. Hayes, and not as Ex-president Hayes.

As the time for delegate election approaches we would caution our readers against putting confidence in any campaign stories that may be started by local candidates about each other. At the same time, if anyone knows beyond doubt that any candidate is using unlawful or improper methods to secure his nomination, it ought to be told broadcast, all over the county.

What the Veto Ought to Have Contained.

From The New York Evening Post.

A reference to the *Army Register* shows that Congress and the President have in no less than ten other cases concurred in doing the very thing which the President now says Congress has no right to do and which he thinks it would be improper for him to do—that is, in restoring to his rank in the service an officer wrongfully dismissed by sentence of court-martial. These cases are those of Surgeon General Hammond, Captain George A. Armes, Lieutenant Edward R. Clarke, Major Joseph B. Collins, Captain James B. Sinclair, Captain P. W. Stanhope, Captain Thomas B. Hunt, Major N. H. McClean, Lieutenant Lowell A. Chamberlain, Captain George T. Olmsted. They may be found in the *Army Register*, and they are, taken in connection with the President's veto and the votes of many of the Senators, rather odd reading. What the veto ought to have contained was simply this: "For various reasons, political and other, which I intend to keep to myself, I do not wish to restore Fitz John Porter to his rank in the army and I am not going to do it. It has been suggested in some quarters that Congress has no constitutional right to authorize or direct me to do it; but this, everybody knows, is mere buncombe."

Benedict Arnold's Vault.

LIGHT LET INTO A SECRET CHAMBER IN THE OLD ARNOLD HOUSE AT NEW HAVEN.

New Haven Despatch in the Boston Globe.

An interesting discovery has been made by Thomas Alling at the old Benedict Arnold house in Water street. In taking out a portion of the garret floor he found a vault which is supposed to have been used by Arnold during the war of the revolution as a hiding place for suspects or fugitives whom he wished to befriend. The lifting of some of the garret floor planking revealed the pocket or vault underneath. It is about four and one-half feet deep and six feet square, and is plastered on the sides. Two or more persons could remain in concealment there without being crowded.

The vault is located by the side of the large old-fashioned chimney. On the floor adjacent to the vault formerly stood a large bookcase, and it is supposed that through this entrance was obtained to the hiding place. Inside the vault are plain evidences of a former staircase extending to a small enclosed space on another side of the chimney. This place, which is now plastered up, is supposed to have been a sort of a closet. Whether Arnold used the vault for secreting Tories or the patriots, or built it to afford a retreat for himself, no one knows. That it should have remained undiscovered until Mr. Alling accidentally found it shows that it was well designed for the purpose which led to its construction.

Blaine Convicts Blaine.

HIS BOLD AND COMMENDABLE SENTIMENT CONFLICTS WITH FACTS.

From the New York Sun.

Our esteemed contemporary, the *Evening Post*, in a series of articles in which candor and acuteness have kept even step, brings out very clearly the fact that Mr. Blaine told at different times two entirely different stories about his connection with the Little Rock and Fort Smith speculation. In other words, leaving out of sight altogether the question of his guilt or innocence of corruption in that business, his own statement and the testimony afforded by the letters which he admits having written convict him of deliberate falsehood.

It will be remembered that the same thing happened in the case of several of the Credit Mobilier congressmen during the investigation that, curiously enough, was set on foot by Mr. Blaine himself. In their ignorance of the existence of Mr. Oakes Ames' memorandum book, some of the senators and representatives whom Oakes Ames had bribed, made sworn statements at the beginning of the investigation which were utterly demolished by the production of the record evidence a few days later. Then they were obliged to change the defense. The wholesale denial under oath which had been the first refuge of the inculpated statesmen profited them nothing; in the light of the subsequent disclosures it simply added perjury to their load of shame.

Mr. Blaine made the same mistake. In April, 1876, when the report was first circulated that Mr. Thomas Scott had taken off his hands, for $64,000, bonds of the Little Rock and Fort Smith Railroad Company of the face value of $75,000, Mr. Blaine hastened to his feet in the house of representatives with a personal explanation. It was made on April 24, 1864, and it is printed on page 2,725 of volume 4, part 3, of the *Congressional Record*. Mr. Blaine then said:

"The absurd rumor has lately appeared in certain newspapers that I was the owner of from $150,000 to $250,000 of the Little Rock and Fort Smith railroad bonds which I received without consideration, and that it was from these bonds that Thomas A. Scott received his $75,000. The statement is gratuitously and utterly false.

"The Little Rock and Fort Smith company received a grant from the state. * * * Finally, toward the close of 1868, a company of Boston gentlemen, representing considerable capital, undertook its construction. In raising the requisite means they placed the bonds of the road on the New England market in the summer of 1869, offering them on terms which seemed very favorable to the purchaser, and offering them at a time when investments of this kind were fatally popular.

In common with hundreds of other people in New England and other parts of the country, I bought some of these bonds—not a very large amount—paying for them at precisely the same rates that others paid.

"I never heard and do not believe that the Little Rock Company—which I know is controlled by honorable men—ever parted with a bond to any person except at the regular price fixed for the sale. * * * My whole connection with the road has been open as the day. If there had been anything to conceal about it, I should never have touched it. Wherever concealment is desirable avoidance is advisable, and I do not know any better test to apply to the honor and fairness of a business transaction."

After putting this noble sentiment into the form of an apothegm, Mr. Blaine summed up his denial:

"Instead of receiving bonds of the Little Rock and Fort Smith road as a gratuity, I never had one except at the regular market price, and instead of making a large fortune out of that company, I have incurred a severe pecuniary loss from my investment in its securities, which I still retain. And out of such affairs as this grows the popular gossip of large fortunes amassed in congress."

At the time when Mr. Blaine made this statement in explanation of the ownership of the Little Rock bonds—and if our recollection is right this very statement was subsequently incorporated at his own request into his sworn testimony before the investigating committee—he had no reason to suppose that his own letters to Mr. Warren J. Fisher, jr., would ever see the light again, or that the memorandum of Mr. Fisher's bookkeeper, Mr. Mulligan, would ever be produced for the information of a committee of congress. He therefore took high ground. The rumor that he was the owner of of $150,000 or more of these bonds was absurd. He had bought some of the bonds—not a very large amount—paying money for them precisely as every other investor did, and at the market price. Had it come to this, he demanded, that an American citizen was to be excluded from a perfectly honorable and open business investment merely because he happened to be a representative in congress? Mr. Blaine's indignation was as lofty as the sentiment which he advanced was virtuous: "Where concealment is desirable avoidance is advisable."

Yet it was destined that within six weeks Mr. Blaine should be forced to read in the house a letter written and signed by himself showing the exact size of the "small amount" of his holdings in Little Rock and Fort Smith bonds—a small amount, as he said, paid for in cash at the market price, and magnified by absurd rumor to something over $150,000. On October 4, 1871, he wrote to Mr. Fisher:

"I have been treated with positive cruelty in regard to the bonds. I have your positive written contract to deliver me $125,000 land bonds and $32,500 first mortgage bonds. Of this whole amount of bonds due me I have received but $50,000 land grants, leaving $75,000 of those and $32,500 first mortgage still due."

It appears that the "absurd rumor" as to the amount was about right. But if Mr. Blaine had paid in cash for his $157,000 of bonds, just like every other investor, and at the open market price, how was it possible for Josiah Caldwell and Warren Fisher, jr., to defraud him of his rights? How did it happen that the Boston capitalists were in a position to treat the innocent and simple-minded legislator with "positive cruelty?"

The answer is afforded by the memorandum in Mr. Blaine's handwriting showing that he did not pay a dollar for his Little Rock bonds, but received them as a gratuity or commission; and further light is afforded by Mr. Blaine himself in one of the Mulligan letters:

"MY DEAR MR. FISHER: Your offer to admit me to a participation in the new railroad enterprise is in every respect as generous as I could expect or desire. I thank you very sincerely for it.

* * * * * * * * *

"I do not feel that I shall prove a deadhead in the enterprise if I once embark in it. I see various channels in which I know I can be useful.

"Very hastily and sincerely your friend,
JAMES G. BLAINE.

"AUGUSTA, June 29, 1869."

The maxim which Mr. Blaine laid down for the government of his relation with speculative enterprises may be slightly improved to fit his case: "Where avoidance would have been advisable and concealment is urgently necessary, silence is the best policy until the memorandum books have all been produced."

Despatches from Decatur, Springfield, Shelbyville, and other places in Central Illinois, report that a severe wind storm swept over Macon, Sangamon, and Christian counties between midnight on Friday night and daylight on Saturday morning destroying much property. No loss of life was reported. In the neighborhood of Illiopolis, Sangamon county, several farm houses were badly damaged, barns and outhouses were carried away, and crops were ruined. Corn was beaten flat to the ground and blown into ribbons, and wheat in shock was blown away and levelled with the ground. The loss in Sangamon county as far as heard from, is estimated at over $100,000. The loss in Macon county is estimated at $200,000. Christian county is said to have suffered severely, but no details are given.

Argument Court.

On Monday of last week court convened for the purpose of taking up cases on the argument list. There were many of them, and the sessions occupied Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, and then adjourned until Monday of this week, and was occupied until Tuesday. The following are the proceedings:

Samuel Hutchings and James Mason were naturalized.

Estate Lawrence Waters. Citation ordered.

Estate Harriet Vanliew. Inquest awarded.

Estate Elias L. Helwig. Citation awarded.

Report of viewers in favor of a county bridge in Greenwood, approved by the court.

David Mauser appointed guardian of Alice Fry.

Petition of Aaron Smith to satisfy mortgage given to Jacob Harris, filed.

Petition to satisfy mortgage of John Hill to Lafayette Keller, et. al., filed.

On petition, Reuben Guild appointed guardian of two minor children of Evan Welliver, deceased.

Estate Mary A. Gearhart. Citation awarded.

Petition for alias order of sale in estate of Seth Hartman, sale ordered.

A. P. Heller and William Masters appointed appraisers in estate of Samuel McCarty, on petition of widow.

Divorces were decreed in the following cases: Bittenbender vs. Bittenbender, I. M. Mosteller vs. Ella M. Mosteller, Owen Sult vs. Lucy Ann Sult.

Swank vs. N. & W. B. R. R. Petition for a struck jury filed, and rule granted.

Estate Seth Hartman. Report of auditor on exceptions to account, confirmed nisi.

Petition for special Road tax in Sugarloaf filed, and decree made.

The supervisors are directed to levy a tax of ten mills.

Commonwealth vs. Geo. W. Armes. Recognizance of defendant and William Lawra in $300 for appearance of defendant at next term.

In re, to strike off the registry of Jos. L. Bauer. Opinion filed and rule made absolute.

Application of Paul Fortner, administrator, for discharge, filed.

A large number of cases were argued or submitted.

Deeds Recorded.

The following deeds have been recorded since those last published:

William J. Cox and wife to Daniel Welliver, Greenwood.

Robert L. F. Colly and wife to Phœbe E. Laubach, Benton.

Mary Ann Kester, et al to Reuben J. Kester, Greenwood.

The Locust Mt. C. & I. Company to John Yorworth, Centralia.

Samuel Neyhard, administrator to Margaret A. Baker, Scott.

Peter Keck and wife to Emanuel Cope, Berwick.

Samuel E. Smith and wife to Lemuel Cope, Berwick.

Samuel C. Kelchner and wife to Jeremiah Wolf, Centre.

Francis Reese and wife to Adam Utt, Greenwood.

Benjamin Brandt and wife to Samuel Frederick, Catawissa.

Clinton Ellis guardian to same, Catawissa.

Jacob Fitzgerald to Margaret A. Albertson.

S. B. Bowman to Northern Col. Co. & Southern Luz. Co. Ag. Society, Berwick.

A. B. Stewart and wife to the Trustees of the M. E. C. of Orangeville, Orange.

Sarah A. Petrikin to Nevin U. Funk, Scott.

Nevin U. Funk to Sarah A. Petrikin, Scott.

Elias L. Helwig and wife to Susannah Walter, Locust.

Samuel H. Sitler, administrator to George Eckrote, Briarcreek.

Elizabeth Sharretts, et al to same, Centre.

Obidiah Yocum et al administrator to Ezarah Yocum, Locust.

Reuben Raup and wife to A. M. Johnson, Locust.

The Locust Mountain Coal & Iron company to Charles Weidman, Germantown.

William R. Cox and wife to Wilson A. Thomas, Greenwood.

Sarah A Doane to Clara Fahringer, Scott.

C. W. Neal and wife to William Abbott, Scott.

John W. Hoffman, sheriff to Joseph Miller, et al, Centre.

James Bellford, et al to Phineas Remley, Briarcreek.

B. F. Crispin jr. and wife to Elizabeth Sitler, Berwick.

Frederick Duty and wife to Ellen Hower, Locust.

Levi Blank and wife to Elliott W. Garrison, Berwick.

James Masters and wife to John Thomas, Greenwood.

John Mordan and wife to S. C. Beagle, Mt. Pleasant.

Joseph D. Thompson and wife to James M. Gearhart, Berwick.

John Hughes et al to Aaron Yoder, Locust.

Herman Fahringer et al administrator to Samuel Keller, Locust.

Josiah H. Rhoads and wife to Mary M. Keller, Locust.

Simon Fetterman and wife to Mary Keller, Locust.

Nelson P. John and wife to William G. Evans, Catawissa.

Miles A. Williams to Fletcher N. Wilson, Benton.

John Mourey, Sheriff, to Harriet L. B. Goss, Fishingcreek.

Elijah Hess and wife to J. W. Perry, Sugarloaf.

Shederick Hess and wife, et. al., to Geo. Hess, Sugarloaf.

John A. Shuman and wife to Fannie E. Bartalet, Main.

John Mourey, Sheriff, to W. F. Souder, Scott.

Elizabeth Rougle, et. al., to Susannah Rhinard, Briarcreek.

John Drum to John K. Robins, executor, Main.

Franklin Shuman and wife to Alden Stokes, Fishingcreek.

William K. Nattress and wife to John E. Reilly, Centralia.

H. A. Deitterich and wife to Samuel Yost, Fishingcreek.

Charles W. Miller, administrator, to Daniel Singley, Beaver.

Samuel Heller to Michael Heller, Mifflin.

The R. C. W. & V. of the E. P. Society, to Alem Brittain, Bloomsburg.

Trustees of the G. R. Church parsonage of Berwick, to John A. Kepner, Berwick.

Richard Stiles to Andrew T. Ikeler, Benton.

Dorcas Sutliff, et. al., to Franklin Getz, Sugarloaf.

Eliza Waters to John Helwig, Catawissa.

A. P. Heller and wife to Jesse Bromstetler, Greenwood.

Hugh McBride and wife to Daniel Wenner, Fishingcreek.

Isaiah Bower and wife to May G. Vanderslice, Berwick.

J. W. Evans and J. B. Young to Jamina S. Duke, Briarcreek.

Buttermilk as a Summer Drink.

In the warm summer weather many persons feel an irresistible craving for something sour and often gratify this desire by a free indulgence in pickles or vegetables made acid with vinegar. This demand for acids indicates a deficiency in the acid secretions of the stomach, and the demand for an artificial supply is a natural one, but vinegar is not the best substitute. Lactic acidity is one of the chief agents that gives acidity to the gastric juice of the stomach in health. This is the acid of sour milk, and therefore one of the best summer diet drinks that we can use is buttermilk. It satisfies the cravings for acids by giving to the stomach a natural supply, and at the same time furnishes in its cheesy matter a good supply of wholesome nutrition. A man will endure fatigue in hot weather better on buttermilk than on any other diet drink he can use.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

9000!! Agents wanted DOUBLE QUICK to sell the First AUTHENTIC Biographies of

BLAINE & LOGAN

By H. J. Ramsdell, Esq., Mr. Blaine's intimate friend and personal choice, and Ben Perley Poore, for 18 years an officer of the U. S. Congress. 5,000 outfits ordered within a week. Agents coining money. The people demand this work because, the most reliable, complete, interesting and richly illustrated. It contains 650 pages; fine steel portraits; will be first out, sell fastest, and pay biggest profits. Beware of unreliable, catchpenny books. Write at once to

Hubbard Bros., 723 Chestnut St., Phila.

P. S.—Outfits are ready. Send 50c. for one and save time. July 11-4w r

SUBSCRIBE FOR

THE COLUMBIAN,

$1.50 A YEAR.

CANDIDATES.

All persons whose names are announced as candidates, in this column, are expected to abide by the action of the Democratic county convention, to be held on Tuesday, August 12th 1884.

The price for announcing names in this column is $3.00 for any office, and must be paid positively in advance.

FOR CONGRESS.
DR. O. A. MEGARGELL,
OF ORANGEVILLE.

FOR CONGRESS,
J. M. C. RANCK,
OF SCOTT TOWNSHIP.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
G. A. HERRING,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.
P. A. EVANS,
OF MONTOUR TOWNSHIP.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
A. B. CROOP,
OF BRIARCREEK.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.
W. H. SNYDER,
OF ORANGE.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE SEVERAL COURTS
WM. KRICKBAUM
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR REGISTER & RECORDER.
M. F. EYERLY,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR REGISTER & RECORDER.
C. H. CAMPBELL,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR REGISTER & RECORDER.
G. W. STERNER,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR REGISTER & RECORDER.
U. H. ENT,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
CHARLES REICHART,
OF MAIN.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
B. F. EDGAR,
OF FISHINGCREEK.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
WASHINGTON PARR,
OF FRANKLIN.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
STEPHEN POHE
OF CENTRE TOWNSHIP.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
R. A. SHUMAN,
OF CATAWISSA.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WM. G. GIRTON,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
W. S. FISHER,
OF MAIN.

I will not make a personal canvass of the county to solicit votes, but, if elected, I pledge myself to conduct the office in the best interests of the people.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
WILLIAM BRYSON,
OF CENTRALIA.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.
A. L. FRITZ,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.
E. M. TEWKSBURY,
OF CATAWISSA.

I will not travel the county to solicit votes, but will cheerfully visit all publicly, to discuss the issues before the people, if desired.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
DR. L. J. ADAMS,
OF BRIARCREEK.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.
G. M. LOCKARD,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, Pa., on

Saturday, Aug. 2, '84,

at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Borough of Centralia, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lot of Alexander Black, on the east by an alley, on the west by Locust Avenue, and on the south by lot of David C. Black, being lot of 11 in block 74, whereon is erected a two-story frame dwelling house and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of David C. Black against William H. James and to be sold as the property of William H. James.

B. B. & B. Atty's. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

The following real estate situate in the village of Espy, Scott township, Columbia county, Penna., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at corner of lot number 16 in plan of said village of Espy, belonging to Cyrus Barton, thence eastward by Main street eighty-two and one-half feet to corner of lot number 18 belonging to Isaac McKamie, thence southward by the same one hundred and seventy-three and one-fourth feet to an alley, thence by same eighty-two and one-half feet to corner of lot number 16 aforesaid, thence by the same northward one hundred and seventy-three and one-fourth feet to the place of beginning, being lot number 17 in said plan.

ALSO,

Lot described as follows: Beginning at a corner on the north side of Main street in line of lot of Jacob Hess, formerly W. Ruckle, thence along said street south sixty-six and one-fourth degrees west sixty feet, thence by lot of George Ruckle north twenty-three and three-fourth degrees west one hundred and seventy-three and one-fourth feet to alley No. 1, thence by said alley north sixty-six and one-fourth degrees west sixty feet to corner of said lot of Jacob Hess, thence by said lot south twenty-three and three-fourth degrees east one hundred and seventy-three and one-fourth feet to place of beginning, containing 10,395 square feet, whereon is erected a two story frame dwelling house and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George M. Baker at the suit of M. A. Baker.

K. & W. Atty's. Al. Fi. Fa.

JOHN MOUREY,
June 6, tf. Sheriff.

$300 a month for agents JUST NOW

BLAINE and LOGAN. Complete official. Illustrated Life of the Republican's choice by Judge Buel, assisted by the Editor of the *Kennebec Journal* and Blaine's Private Secretary. Cloth, $2.00.

BAYARD and by Col. Frank Triplett. Our books are beyond all competition in Authorship, Illustrations, Paper and Binding. Prospectus free to actual canvassers. Special term's to those ordering from a distance. Also ready the life of the year,

MY WIFES FOOL OF A HUSBAND!

with 175 engravings, by Williams. 12mo No more dull times! Write for circulars now. W. H. Thompson, Pub., 404 Arch St. Phila., Pa. July 11-4 w d

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

50 Cents on $1.00.

The firm of M. LEVY & CO. have decided to dissolve partnership and in order to do this the stock *must* be sold. Now is the time to buy

CLOTHING

whether you need it or not as the stock

MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE.

This is no humbug. We mean business. Call and see for yourself as it will be to your interest. The stock consists of

SUMMER AND WINTER CLOTHING.

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Furnishing Goods, Trunks, etc. In fact everything usually found in a first-class clothing store and

TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

MERCHANTS

Will find it to their interest to call and learn our prices as we can offer them many advantages which they cannot get in the city.

M. LEVY & CO.

BERWICK, PA.

apr 25-3m

A NEW

TELEPHONE,

The U. S. Telephone is the latest invention in Telephones, and stands without a rival, and is the only WORTHY RIVAL of the Bell Telephone, and is the only telephone of the kind ever before offered to the public. It is the only non-electric telephone that is used with a Telephone Repeator, or that will work on CROOKED, ANGLING or ZIGZAG lines, or on a line having ACUTE OR RIGHT ANGLES.

Sold outright for $10,00 no exhorbitant rents.

They are the only Telephones having an Automatic Line Wire Tightner and they are the only Telephones that are protected by an outdoor Lightning Arrester. All sounds are delivered in clear and natural tones. They are the neatest, most durable and require less attention and repairs than any other Telephone made. Send for our illustrated circular. Agents wanted,

THE U. S. TELEPHONE CO.,
NOS. 49 AND 51 WEST STREET, P. O. BOX, 28,
MADISON IND.

May 2-3mos

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PIANOS, ORGANS and SEWING MACHINES.

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New High Arm Davis, New American No. 7, White, Domestic, Household, New Home, New Howe, Royal St. John, Genuine Singer (Singer Patent) Sewing Machines.
Genuine Parts of Hardware for all kinds of Sewing Machines, Needles, Oil, Attachments, Belts and everything in the line of Sewing Machines at bottom prices.

Organs and Sewing Machines Sold on Monthly Payments. Liberal Discount made for Cash.

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apr 25-3m

C. C. GALIGNAN,

PLUMBER,

GAS AND STEAM FITTER.

SHEET METAL WORK

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

PAID TO

SEWERAGE & DRAINAGE.

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1884.

Correct Railroad Time Table.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6.36 a. m.	11.52 a. m.
4.09 p. m.	6.13 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7.05 a. m.	8.28 a. m.
11.17 a. m.	11.53 a. m.
6.35 p. m.	4.26 p. m.

The 8.28 a. m. train connects at Northumberland with the 9.35 train on Pennsylvania road, reaching Philadelphia at 3.15 p. m.

The 11.53 train connects with Philadelphia and Reading road at Rupert reaching Philadelphia at 6.00 p. m.

The 11.53 train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 1.50, reaching Philadelphia at 7.25 p. m.

The 4.26 p. m. train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 8.05 p. m., and reaches Philadelphia at 3.05 a. m.

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
11.27 a. m.	12.01 p. m.
6.30 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

For Sale.

Several town properties, good location, brick or frame.

About 25 acres of land in Hemlock township, partly cleared, balance well timbered.

A farm of about 80 acres in Scott twp.

For terms and particulars apply to Geo. E. Elwell, Bloomsburg, Pa. feb. 29-tf.

Final Notice to Subscribers out of the County.

Two weeks ago or more we sent bills to every subscriber who resides outside of Columbia county, and have received responses from very few. We are tired of paying postage on newspapers that are not paid for, and we are tired of paying postage on duns to which no attention is paid, and we therefore give notice now, that *positively* all papers going out of the county that are not paid for by the 20th of July, will be stopped on that date, and hereafter all papers outside of the county will be stopped on the date to which they are paid. Subscribers who do not wish the paper stopped then, will forward a year's subscription, $1.75, before the expiration of the previous year. Subscribers in the county will bear in mind that this matter has no reference whatever to them. 2w

Personal.

Miss Carl King of Friendship, N. Y., is the guest of Mrs. Paul E. Wirt.

Miss Louisa Hutchison of Kingston, was the guest of Miss Martha Clark this week.

Mrs. Price of Philadelphia is visiting friends here.

Miss Emma Jones is at home to spend the summer.

Miss Nellie Deen and Miss Virginia Bigler are the guests of Misses Annie and Ida Bernhard.

William H. Clark has returned from Philadelphia, where he was undergoing medical treatment for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. W. Drinker and Miss Darrow of New York are spending a few week's at E. R. Drinker's.

Frank Wilson is taking a summer vacation, and is visiting at Corry, Pa.

Sherm. Peacock has been off on a trip the past week.

David Lowenberg started for Chicago last Friday to attend the convention as a delegate. This is the sixth National Convention that Mr. Lowenberg has been a member of.

A party went up to Cole's on Tuesday to spend a week. It was composed of Mr. and Mrs. W. Neal, Mr. and Mrs. Shipley, Miss Marple, Misses Shipley, Miss Waller, Miss McKinney, Harry Hess and Sam Harman.

The festival held by Ent Post in Dentler's building was well attended.

The Bloomsburg Band attended the festival at Orangeville on the evening of the 5th.

Rev. H. W. Buck of Berwick, will preach in the Evangelical church on next Sabbath at 3 o'clock.

The Plymouth Savings Bank closed its doors last week. It is said the depositors will be paid in full.

A healthy girl who understands cooking thoroughly, wanted at Dr. Shattuck's Rest Cure, opposite the depot, Bloomsburg, Pa.

There was a change in the weather on Monday, and light clothing was generally discarded.

Knorr & Wintersteen are erecting a store room on their land next to Dentler's. It will be occupied as a shoe shop.

The Rev. M. L. Smyser, P. E., will preach in the Rupert School House on next Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Mrs. Jacob Geist died in Montour township on the 5th inst. The funeral took place on Monday.

Paul E. Wirt's new fountain pen is now complete, and ready for the market. It is without doubt the best of the kind yet invented.

We have received from the composer and publisher, Gomer Thomas, a piece of music entitled "Jackson & Woodin Grand March."

There will be a festival held at Fisher's church, Main township, on Saturday evening, July 12th. Proceeds for benefit of Sunday school.

Kimberly and Buckingham are carrying on a war of words through the *Sentinel* and *News Item*. No blood has been spilled yet.

J. F. Rink & Sons of Light Street, have about 6000 feet of pitch pine flooring, well seasoned and of first quality, which they will sell at market prices.

FOR SALE.—100,000 shaved hemlock shingles, by A. Laubach & Son, Guava, Sugarloaf township.
June 16-4w *

A supplement will be issued next week, giving full particulars of the Chicago convention, with biographical sketches of the candidates, the speeches, platform, etc.

An effort is being made to organize a base ball association here. With proper practice a good nine could be formed out of the material in town.

A festival will be given by the Afton Union Sunday School on Saturday evening July 26. A cordial invitation extended to all.

There'll be so much political excitement in the fall that it will distract the attention of the young men, and the girl who is wise will bring her lover to the popping point as soon as possible.

The trial of Edward Botheras for the murder of W. Nichols at Hazleton in March, took place at Wilkesbarre last week. The verdict was guilty of murder in the first degree. A motion was made for a new trial.

The English sparrows have destroyed a vast amount of grain in this section. Some of our farmers report that in some parts of the fields all the wheat has been picked from the heads before it was fit to cut.

The Mt. Carmel *News* should not put too much *Reliance* in their base-ball club when they come to play with the Danville boys. In a game on July 4th the latter were victorious by a score of 10 to 7.

The Fourth passed very quietly in town the streets presenting more of a Sunday appearance than that of a National holiday. There was a scarcity of flags, only a few residences being decorated with the stars and stripes. Many families spent the day in the woods.

A game of base ball was played on the Fair grounds on the morning of the 4th between Bloomsburg and Catawissa nines, resulting in favor of the latter by a score of 10 to 4. What's the matter with our boys?

The Scranton *Truth* believes that the general adoption of eight hours as the proper length of time for a day's work, would eventually prove a great benefit to every interest in the country and furnish a practical solution of the problem of over-production.

The ladies who had charge of the G. A. R. festival desire to express their thanks to Mr. Dentler for the use of his building, to all others who contributed to its success in any way, and especially to a generous public for their liberal patronage. About $100 were realized.

Every one has heard of condensed milk, but condensed, or rather solidified, drinks of a more potent nature are a novelty. An ingenious French chemist has discovered a method by which any wine, spirit, or malt liquor can be solidified into a cake, like chocolate, and so conveniently carried about in the pockets of the thirsty.

Travelers who have occasion to stop at Northumberland, will find the Burr House a very pleasant place. The house is new, well furnished, and as neat as a pin. It is kept by Mr. Burr, an old-time landlord who has been in the business for many years, and knows just what to do for the comfort of his guests. The house is situated on a wide, shady street, and is always cool.

Three men who had just returned from the bark woods, were arrested last Saturday afternoon for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, and were fined by the President of Town Council. They paid their fines and then one of them took out a warrant for the arrest of Moses Brewer for the theft of twenty dollars from his pocket while sleeping in the barn at the Central hotel. Brewer was committed to jail by Justice Rupert to await the action of the grand jury.

A number of gentlemen made up a purse and purchased a lot of fireworks, which were set off on the evening of the 5th, the rain on the 4th causing the postponement. There were rockets, Roman candles, bombs, and powder trains, and the display, which took place at Freeze's woods, was witnessed by a large number of people. The contributors to the fund were Col. Jameson, I. W. McKelvy, E. R. Drinker, F. P. Drinker, C. W. Miller, W. C. McKinney, Morris Sloan, J. Fetterman, D. Lowenberg, Geo. A. Clark, Wm. Hart and W. R. Tubbs.

Miss Sadie Weaser of Espy, was married to Mr. Thomas Worth of Wilkesbarre, at the Primitive Methodist church in the latter place, on Tuesday, July 1st. About 100 friends were present and the ceremony was performed by Rev. S. Hancock. Miss Sadie Caull and Miss Lizzie Edwards were bridesmaids, and the groomsmen were Mr. T. L. Edwards and Mr. W. Ryder. After the ceremony a sumptuous supper was partaken of at the residence of the groom, and several hours were spent pleasantly by about 50 invited guests. The presents were numerous and useful. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Trumpore and Mrs. L. Kinley of Espy.

On Thursday morning about ten o'clock a fire broke out in one of Rev. J. P. Tustin's houses on 1st street, occupied by Mr. Amos Buckalew. The fire was first discovered issuing through the weather boards near the front door. There was no flue to the building near where the fire was, nor any way of producing fire from outside or inside of the house at that point; and it is concluded that matches must have been carried between the lining by mice and ignited. The fire companies were promptly at the fire, the Winona first, followed by the Rescue and Friendship. Very little damage was done by the fire, but the house with contents was thoroughly drenched with water. We are informed that there is a liberal insurance on both house and household goods.

We witnessed the working of an Osborne reaper and binder on the farm of N. U. Funk, on the afternoon of the 4th. Sheriff Carter, the general agent, was on the ground superintending the trial, and a number of spectators were present. The machine weighs a little over 1500 pounds, and three horses hauled it over the field with ease. It took up the grain perfectly clean, and left the sheaves behind it with great rapidity. No matter how crooked the grain went in, it came out perfectly straight. As much work was done with the machine in three hours as five men did in a whole day. At this rate it pays for itself in one or two seasons. We do not profess to know a great deal about agricultural machinery, but we do know that the Osborne does its work in a very satisfactory manner, and cannot see that there is much room for improvement. Harman & Hassert are the local agents.

Raising Chickens.

Do not be in a hurry to invest in incubators, if you are a farmer, and have anything else to do besides looking after the poultry yard. The wooden incubators are well enough for men who have plenty of money, and make the raising of eggs a specialty. A good many things about incubators are not yet proved, and a farmer who has his bread to earn, can afford to wait a little longer, and use the original method for hatching and raising chickens. The hen is good for a dozen eggs, and if she be left to her own selection of nest, is pretty sure to hatch them, if they are fertilized. You may protect her against vermin, but she covets privacy, and desires to be left alone. When her brood is off, she needs a little help, a coop for shelter, and regular feeding with a mixed diet of animal and vegetable food, and water or milk to drink—the latter if you can get it. Nothing is better than milk for the fowls. The young chicks will help, rather than hinder in the garden, until they are a month or six weeks old. They will destroy a multitude of insects, and thrive on them. The early hatched chickens are best for layers, but late summer is quite as good for broilers. They never come amiss at any time on the farm.—*Wm. Cliff in American Agriculturist for July.*

Farm for Sale.

160 acres three miles from Bloomsburg west, in fine state of cultivation; buildings, fruit, &c. Apply to Dr. J. R. Evans, Bloomsburg. 6-27-3w

Registration of Physicians and Surgeons.

In the case of the rule to strike off the registration of Dr. Joseph L. Bauer an opinion was filed by Judge Elwell on the 1st instant, holding that a prothonotary has no authority to register as a physician and surgeon a person to whom a diploma has been issued by a medical college of another state, without the production of the diploma endorsed by the medical faculty of a medical college or university of this state. A certificate by the secretary of a medical college that *he* has examined the diploma and believes it to be genuine, is held not to be a compliance with the Act of 8 June, 1881. The authority to make the examination required by the Act cannot be delegated by the faculty to one of their number. As the record in this case does not show upon its face that the diploma has been exhibited to the faculty of any medical institution in this state the registry of the doctor was unauthorized and is therefore stricken from the record. We understand that the case will be taken to the Supreme Court.

Berwick.

Miss Menshall of Scranton, and Miss May Sharpless of Bloomsburg, were the guests of Miss Lizzie Hanley last Saturday.

H. G. Phillips made a flying trip to Bloomsburg on Monday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Woodin and Mrs. Hanley left on Tuesday morning for Montrose, where the two former intend spending the summer.

A select few spent their Fourth picnicking at "Council Cup."

The new addition and the remodeling of Dr. Little's house, will make it one of the finest houses, when completed, on Front street.

The lightning struck the telephone wires connected with Jackson Block, Saturday evening, and the shock caused the prostration of a horse, and quite a number of people, for several minutes.

A large number of people went to Danville last Friday to see the game played between the Mt. Carmel and the club of that place.

The Nanticoke *Sun* does not seem to appreciate the playing of the Berwick boys, according to last week's issue. This is the first paper to grumble at the club, and small attention should be paid to the same, for such it deserves.

The fat and lean men of this place played a very interesting game of ball last Saturday, which resulted in a victory for the fats by a score of 19 to 15 in seven innings.

Jerseytown.

Seeing that Jerseytown is not represented in the columns of your valuable paper, and noticing a desire expressed to have a correspondent at this place, I thought I would take up the quill and see what I can do.

The farmers are busily engaged with their hay and grain. The frequent showers of late, however, interfere somewhat with the work.

A number of barns are being built this summer. They are now about completed, and judging by appearances will be well filled when the crops are gathered.

Last week Mr. C. Kramer began harvesting with a self-binder. This being the first machine of the kind which has made its appearance in our neighborhood much curiosity was excited. Many of the neighbors went to the field to see it work. The machine worked nicely, and did its work well—so say the witnesses. Mr. Kramer is not only a very extensive farmer, but a model one.

A large band of gypsies passed through here last Thursday on their way to Williamsport. They camped just below town, remaining over Sunday. Many went to see them, but few desired to have their fortunes told.

Messrs. Charles Fenstermaker, Henry Hartline and Frank Cotner, formerly of Jerseytown, but now working at Montgomery, and Mr. William Welliver of Wilkesbarre, were in town last week.

Mr. Horace Greely Supplee, who has been traveling in the interest of Bradley, Garretson & Co., publishers, is now at home.

Miss Megargell finished her school in town last week. After exercises in the school room Thursday morning the pupils with their teacher, went to the grove to spend the day. A fine time was reported. Miss Megargell made many friends during her stay here.

The Fourth passed off quietly without observance save an occasional explosion of small fire-works. The small boy declares that the fire-cracker is a treacherous thing, for sometimes the wrong end goes off; after burning his fingers he says he don't care very much about celebrating.

L. Y.

Buckhorn.

The shower on the evening of the Fourth wrought many disappointments.

Last Saturday evening while George Bogart was riding a colt it became frightened at a dog and suddenly turned, throwing and dragging him some distance. He was badly bruised about the head and was hurt inwardly. From last accounts he was still compelled to keep his bed.

Messrs. Fairman and Creasy of Light-street, put up with our friendly landlord, C. W. Dietrich, Saturday night last, and after spending Sabbath with us returned to their homes.

Miss Tubbs of Benton is visiting her sister, Mrs. White.

Miss Georgia Pursel of Bloomsburg, spent a few days of the week at this place.

Miss Hattie Ohl and a Mr. Robbins of Pottsgrove, were the guests of G. W. Hartman and wife on the 5th and 6th inst.

Miss Anna Leidy has returned from a visit with friends at Jerseytown.

C. H. Moore, formerly of this place, moved to Van Camp last Monday, where he will be engaged in the mercantile business with his father-in-law.

Benjamin Foulk and William Rhuster, attendants at the Danville Hospital, are home for a few weeks.

Charles Terwilliger and his sister Annie are sole possessors of the Vanliew store.

The harvest of eighty-four will shortly be no more. Several of our farmers are rying self binders.

Clark Pursel is testing the abilityof the Minneapolis, T. W. Pursel the Osborne, and H. W. Appleman the Buckeye Platform Binder. All are giving entire satisfaction.

The following persons met last Tuesday evening to reorganize the Buckhorn Band: Hugh Appleman, Samuel Hutchinson, Dr. Montgomery, John G. Moore, Howard Ohl, Geo. Hittle, Jr., Chas. Daniel Harris, Chas. and Washington Hartman, Wilson and Art Pursel.

Remember the school house letting on the 21st inst.

Miss Cal Hartman is coming home on the twenty-ninth of this month.

PRUDENCE.

Commencement Exercises at the Orangeville Academy.

Since the academy is in charge of Prof. Heck there were no graduates till this year. Those graduating must pass an examination equal to that for admission to the best colleges. The girls read German instead of Greek. There were three graduated this year: Miss Aggie M. Mellick, Miss Gertie E. Stewart, and Mr. J. J. H. Hamilton. The speeches and essays compare very favorably with all productions on like occasions, that I have ever heard. Rev. C. K. Canfield filled a place on the programme. He spoke on the Educated Conscience. He was listened to with much interest and displayed a wit and gentle humor of which no one supposed him such a master. I will omit the order of exercises and give a few brief extracts from the compositions of the graduates. What to select is difficult, for all is worthy of publication. The extracts here given are different from those published in the other papers of the county. Miss Mellick had for her subject, "The Crown after the Victory": "Perhaps there is no prospect, which imagination can present, so alluring to the mind of a young man as public life. The mere fact of being a theme of public interest seems to be the greatest boon for which some of the men to-day are striving. We, in our short experience, can already see that places and greatness, though fair without, are full of temptation within. Often on election day when I see men collecting together, all excited, I have asked myself what is there in office for which men are thus so eagerly striving? What is that highest price of contention in the pursuit of which happiness is accounted nothing and merit is pitted against hypocrisy and intrigue? Is it power? Is this the crown for which they are striving? * * * * We must fight if we would reign. We must win the crown we would wear—and just here let us ask what crown are we striving for? Let us strive not so much for power as for usefulness. Our times demand this. To day little occupies general attention that does not return some answer to the question, 'Of What Use is It?' What advantage arises from it? The wild visions conjured up by the heated imagination of other times are all viewed through this medium and stripped of all their gaudy and deceptive colors and are stamped only with that value to which their usefulness entitled them. The lance of chivalry rusts in obscurity, while the plow-share is bright with honorable use."

Miss Stewart had for her subject, "Silent Forces." "Of love as a silent force," she said, "perhaps the greatest of all silent forces is the force of love. Where all efforts accompanied by the usual din of human undertakings have failed, love has most gloriously conquered. The love of a mother for her child impels her to endure the greatest suffering, misery and danger for that child. There is perhaps no power besides love that could do this. Napoleon with his army overran all of Europe like a tornado, visiting all places with destruction and death. Kings and potentates were dethroned and their governments overturned. Alexander conquered the world with the clash of arms; Cæsar destroyed a million lives in his conquests—their names live only in history, their empires were of short duration. Christ, the humble son of the humble carpenter of Nazareth, came upon the earth to conquer with love. His kingdom now includes all of the civilized world, and that love which he has implanted in the bosom of his followers is reaching out, civilizing and bringing into his kingdom the deluded and degraded heathen of every land. This is truly a great victory for love." She spoke of the force of literary productions: "The fruits of the reformation were nourished by the printing press. That strange superstition, that dark and impenetrable ignorance of the middle ages was swept away by the printing press. All the armies of the world could not have effected these results. A few great papers in this country shape the mind and feeling of this country in religion, politics and law. In the heated and noisy discussions on Slavery nothing else produced the effect of Uncle Tom's Cabin. The pen is truly 'mightier than the sword.' The force of the latter can be of only short duration, while the victories won by the pen are abiding. The strength of Napoleon's army was in Napoleon, but the strength of Uncle Tom's Cabin is within itself."

Mr. Hamilton, the valedictorian of his class, had for his subject, "The Ministry of Tears": "What is a tear? The grandest definition I have ever heard or read is by that prince of American preachers, Dr. Talmage; he says: 'A chemist will tell you that it is made up of salt and lime and other component parts; but he misses the chief ingredients—the acid of a soured life, the viperan sting of a bitter memory, the fragments of a broken heart. I will tell you what a tear is; it is agony in solution.' But if you still ask what a tear is, my answer is, it is the overflowing of a heart that's full, the gurgling forth of feelings that cannot be restrained or controlled. It is grief and sorrow rolling down the cheeks in liquid form, the breaking heart standing in the eyes in briny drops, the hope and happiness of a wrecked or blasted life poured forth, aye, more—the tribute to the dead." Of tears of sorrow he spoke as "tears that burn their way down the cheeks and leave traces that cannot be blotted out, tears that bring on premature old age. Tears, each one a drop of life blood; each one a fragment of a broken heart." In closing he said: "But we ourselves, my classmates, go forth now in different paths; each of us to fight our own battles; each of us to conquer or suffer defeat as we ourselves deserve. Each one must deserve his own fate, be that grand and noble or be that base. Let us then keep brave hearts, and let us be always armed and ready for the conflict, remembering that 'he conquers who endures.' We met as strangers, but we part as friends, part with the hope to meet again; if not on earth, in Heaven around the great white throne of God. Friends, all! Friendship, that mystic tie that binds the human hearts as one. Ladies and gentlemen, kind friends, dear teachers, all farewell. What does it mean? Good-bye is simply asking God to bless. It is a prayer, a benediction from lips sincere. With all the meaning of the word and from our hearts we say again to all, farewell, dear friends, farewell."

The examining committee then reported and heartily recommended those three as worthy to receive diplomas. The diplomas were then presented to the class by Prof. Heck, accompanying them with a few timely remarks. In the afternoon a very large number of persons assembled in academy grove for the picnic given by the students. The exercises closed with an exhibition in the evening. All the exercises were well attended, and there was but one opinion as to their merits—they were all very creditable.

REPORTER.

M. C. Sloan & Bro., sent two handsome wagons to Hazleton on Tuesday. They were two seated surreys, and the work is claimed to be as fine as ever came out of the shop. The wagons were inspected by many good judges and they well deserved the high praise that all bestowed upon them.

President Polk's Widow.

[Nashville Banner.]

Right in the heart of Nashville stands a large, old-fashioned homestead of dull red brick, its roof projecting over the broad piazza, supported by great fluted pillars, and its general aspect conveying an impression of severe stateliness, in pleasing variance with the distorted, would-be fashionable architecture in the same neighborhood. A long lawn stretches in front of the house, and its pleasant green monotony is unbroken save by a plain and massive tomb of white marble, which carries its own best epitaph in the simple inscription, James K. Polk.

A ring at the bell brought to the door a good-natured colored girl, who took our cards to the venerable and venerated widow of President Polk.

Time, of course, has stolen the vivid coloring and curved outlines of youth, but he has not robbed her of the upright figure and dignified carriage, and has left brightness in her eyes and vivacity in her voice, beside lending an added charm in her faultless manners.

From the library of the dead president, she can gaze upon the tomb that marks his resting place, and in that same library remains his hat, gloves and cane, just where he laid them when he came home for the last time. The book he was reading lies open on the table, and the papers of the day beside it.

In society, and fond of it, Mrs. Polk has yet never accepted an invitation since her husband's death, though with graceful hospitality and tact she has received on the first day of each year the Tennessee legislature, which adjourns in a body to call upon her—and which, I am told, is the highest compliment ever paid by state authorities to a lady—and the civil, judicial and ecclesiastical bodies make it a point to pay their respects to her.

The Greatest "Whispering Gallery."

[Chicago Times.]

The greatest "whispering gallery" in the world is that of the Grand canyon, Colorado. For years this chasm has been a matter of surprise to prospectors and miners on account of its wonderful transmissions of sound, and it has only been since the advent of the railroad that any definite idea has been entertained of the great distance it travels within its walls. A train of cars crossing the bridge at the Needles can be plainly heard on a quiet day at Cottonwood island, a distance of eighty-four miles. The fife and drum at Fort Mojave is distinctly heard at Bull's Head, a distance of eighty-four miles. The report of the sunrise gun at Fort Mojave can be heard at Eldorado canyon, a distance of ninety-six miles.

AGENTS WANTED.—100 ladies and men for lives of the Democratic Presidential Candidates. Outfits ready 48 hours after nomination. Send 50 cents for outfits and be the first in the field. Hundreds of outfits ordered in advance. Address,
THE GLOBE PUBLISHING CO.,
Philadelphia.

Getting Suspicious.

About February last a party appeared at the Exchange, the upper end of this county, who purchased most of the tobacco growing in that section of the country, paying for it a price ten per cent. higher than it will bring in market to-day. To clinch the bargain, a portion of the purchase money was paid down, and a receipt taken therefor. Since these transactions nothing has been heard of the tobacco merchant. Those who sold him their tobacco are now exercised over his non-appearance, and are getting suspicious that possibly in signing the receipt they may have been inveigled into a sort of blank note that could be filled in by the party holding it with such figures as he might surmise the obligee would be able to pay. The fact that these tobacco raisers fear the perpetration of such a swindle on them, proves how loosely many members of our farming community do business. Many of them sign papers without reading them, a most reprehensible practice, and one that has often proved a great loss to individuals. No person, let him be a farmer or otherwise, should sign any paper or manuscript, not even a petition, without reading and critically examining it, and if he fails to thoroughly understand its import or object, he should withhold his signature until he does. By observing this rule it would prevent many heart-burnings and loss of property. It is especially necessary in these days when business morality is at a discount and thousands avoiding the honorable pursuits of industry essay to make a living by sharp practice and by cheating and fleecing the unwary and unsuspecting.—*Danville Intelligencer.*

Attention, Democrats!

I learn that it is being circulated that I will withdraw from the canvas. I am a candidate, and hope you will not be deceived by false reports. Be true to me and I will be true to you, and if elected will pledge myself to make a record that I am not ashamed to have published.

E. M. TEWKSBURY.

Catawissa, July 8, 1884.

DEATHS.

SPADE.—In Mifflin township, June 28th, 1884, Mrs. Sarah C. Spade, aged 32 years, 11 months, 10 days.

LOCAL NOTICES.

The Novelty Store has put the drop on towels, table linens, napkins, counterpanes, handkerchiefs, etc, etc.

Phillips' ice cream parlors take the lead. Call and see for yourself.

36 clothes pins, 5c., cakes fine toilet soap 6c., childrens oilcloth bibs, 7c., come and see them while they last. Novelty Store.

Just rec'd from the great New York Sheriff Sales a large stock of mens, womens, misses and childrens extra fine hosiery which we can sell at way down prices. Better bargains now than ever before offered; call and examine our stock and secure a bargain. Novelty Store, C. E. Conner, (manager.)

"When found make a note of."
The place to go for your spring clothing, a stylish hat, or a fine neck scarf, or the latest style in furnishing goods is at David Lowenberg's.

All who visit Phillips' ice cream parlors pronounce their cream the best in town.

A very large line of straw hats now on view, NOBBY, NEAT and NEW, just arrived at David Lowenberg's.

PHOSPHATES! PHOSPHATES!!
The undersigned is selling J. J. Allen's phosphates as cheap as the cheapest. Different grades and different prices. Call or address, HARVEY E. HEACOCK, Agent, Lightstreet, Pa.
June 16-6w

Gentlemen who want a spring suit put up in CITY STYLE should call at the POPULAR MERCHANT TAILOR of Bloomsburg, David Lowenberg who employs only EXPERIENCED WORKMEN.

New goods at J. B. Skeer's.

"The apparel oft proclaim's the man."
A well dressed gentleman is the admiration of all, and the place to get your SPRING SUIT is at the POPULAR AND RELIABLE STORE of David Lowenberg.

A neat present given away with every purchase made at the Popular Clothing Store of David Lowenberg.

Ice cream of the best flavors, and well made at Phillips' Domestic Bakery.

Men's shirts, gauze under shirts at a bargain this week at the Novelty Store.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

WHY WILL YOU
Cough when Shiloh's Cure will give you immediate relief. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and $1. Sold by Moyer Bros.

"Rough on Rats" clears out Rats, Mice, 15c.

"Rough on Corns," for corns, bunions, 15c.

Thin people. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, &c. $1.

"Rough on Toothache," instant relief. 15c.

Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity don't fail to try "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Buchu-paiba," great kidney and urinary cure.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

"Rough on Coughs," troches, 15c; liquid, 25c.

For children, slow in development, puny and delicate, use "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Rough on Dentist" tooth powder. Try it. 15c.

Nervous weakness, dyspepsia, sexual debility cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

"Mother Swan's Worm Syrup, for feverishness, worms, constipation; tasteless. 25c.

Stinging, irritation, all Kidney and Urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-paiba." $1.

Night sweats, fever, chills, malaria, dyspepsia, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

"My husband (writes a lady) is three times the man since using "Wells' Health Renewer."

If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

Prevalence of Kidney complaint in America; "Buchu-paiba" is a quick, complete cure. $1.
June 16-1y cow

SHILOH'S CURE WILL
Immediately relieve croup, whooping cough and bronchitis. Sold by Moyer Bros.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER
is what you need for Constipation, loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. For sale by Moyer Bros.

WHY THEY CALL HIM "OLD MAN."
"Yes, that's sadly so," said Jenkins, "my hair is turning gray and falling out before its time. Use something? I would, but most hair restorers are dangerous." "True," answered his friend, "but Parker's Hair Balsam is as harmless as it is effective. I've tried it, and know. Give the Balsam a show and the boys will soon stop calling you "Old Man Jenkins." It never fails to restore the original color to gray or faded hair. Richly perfumed, an elegant dressing.

"HACKMETACK,"
A lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by Moyer Bros.

ARE YOU MADE
Miserable by indigestion, constipation, dizziness, loss of appetite, yellow skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Moyer Bros.

THREW AWAY HIS CRUTCHES.
"Suffered from rheumatism so badly had to use crutches, but threw them away after applying Thomas' Eclectric Oil tomy limbs. I now feel better than I have for ye ars." F. L. Gibbs, 399 Elk St., Buffalo, N. Y.

THAT HACKING COUGH
can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by Moyer Bros.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY,
A positive cure for catarrh, diphtheria and canker mouth. Sold by Moyer Bros.

A DUTY I OWE.
Williamsport, Pa., Dec 21, 1882.
John H. Phelps, Scranton Pa., Dear Sir—I feel it my duty to inform you how much good you have done me through your Rheumatic Elixir. I have been a very bad sufferer with inflammatory Rheumatism for over two years, half of the time not able to walk without crutches or canes. I have used three bottles of your Rheumatic Elixir. I pronounce myself entirely cured of rheumatism when all other remedies and treatment failed to give relief. And I am in better health now than I have been for years. I hope your circulars with their wonderful testimonials, will reach every sufferer with that terrible disease, rheumatism, and may encourage them to give the Rheumatic Elixir a thorough trial. I can recommend the Rheumatic Elixir with great confidence.
I am respectfully yours,
J. H. ARNOLD.
For sale at Hendershott's Pharmacy, Bloomsburg Pa.

A NASAL INJECTOR
Free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by Moyer Bros.

FOR DYSPEPSIA
And liver complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Sold by Moyer Bros.

A CLERGYMAN'S TESTIMONY.
W. E. Gifford, Pastor M. E. Church, Bothwell, Ont., was for two years a sufferer with dyspepsia in its worst form, until as he states "life became an actual burden." Three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters cured him, and he tells us in a recent letter that he considers it the best family medicine now before the country for dyspepsia and liver complaint.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH
and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by Moyer Bros.

MEDICAL VALUE OF WINES.
As a general rule the use of wine is not necessary for young or adult persons in good health, breathing country air and not exposed to overwork. As however life advances and the circulation becomes languid, natural red wine used in moderation, becomes an essential article and in many cases absolutely necessary but it must be the pure products of the grape. And even in the Eastern States the physician meets large numbers of town people, especially women, who cannot digest the food and drinks suited to out-door laboring people. In such cases they resort to the beverage of tea which gives rise to a distressing dyspepsia. The wines introduced in New Jersey, especially the Burgundy and the Port Grape Wines from Alfred Speer's Vineyards, at Passaic, N. J., are the more reliable and most sought after by those who traveled and know what wines are.
Alfred Speer, Passaic, N. J.
Dear Sir.—I have used your Socialite Claret and your Port Wine in my practice with great satisfaction.
Very truly yours,
WM. R. CHILDS.
For sale by druggists.

THE REV. GEORGE H. THAYER,
of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Sold by Moyer Bros.

DO IT WITH PLEASURE.
Wangler Bros., druggists, of Waterloo, Iowa, write: "We can with pleasure say that Thomas' Eclectric Oil gives the best satisfaction of any liniment we sell. Every body who buys will have no other. This remedy is a certain cure for all aches, sprains, and pains.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS,
made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by Moyer Bros.

See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards, picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged.
Sold by C. A. Kleim, Bloomsburg.
sept 22-1y

TIME IS MONEY.
Time and money will be saved by keeping Kidney-Wort in the house. It is an invaluable remedy for all disorders of the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels and for all diseases arising from obstructions of these organs. It has cured many obstinate cases after hundreds of dollars had been paid to physicians without obtaining relief. It cures constipation, piles, biliousness and all kindred disorders. Keep it by you.

SPEAKS RIGHT UP.
"Have tried Thomas' Eclectric Oil for croup and colds, and find it the best remedy I have ever used in my family." Wm. Kay, 510 Plymouth Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

WANT OF FAITH.
If C. A. Kleim, the Druggist, does not succeed it is not for the want of faith. He has such faith in Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung syrup as a remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and Lung Affections, that he gives a bottle free to each and every one who is in need of a medicine of this kind.
July 13-eow

For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. For sale by Moyer Bros.

☞ The Voice of the People. No family Dyes were ever so popular as the Diamond Dyes. They never fail. The Black is far superior to logwood. The other colors are brilliant. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

WHAT DR. N. INGRAM SAYS.
Wherever Phelps' Rheumatic Elixir has been tried here it has given satisfaction.
Yours, &c.,
N. INGRAM, M. D.
Blossburg, Pa., Jan. 11, 1883.
For sale at Hendershott's Pharmacy Bloomsburg Pa.

WILL YOU SUFFER
with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. For sale by Moyer Bros.

CARES OF LIFE.
As we come to them they are received, borne with, and passed over with no more than a thought, if we are in the enjoyment of health, but if suffering with Piles or skin disease of any kind they magnify a hundred fold. C. A. Kleim, the Druggist, has Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy which is an absolute cure for any affection of the kind and is sold for 50c cents. July 13-eow

CHANGEABLE WEATHER.
The effect of changeable weather on ladies of delicate constitutions is very depressing and serious, and something strengthening is needed to assist nature in withstanding the strain. Nothing more effective can be found than Speer's Port Burgundy and Claret Wine, which are in general use in the New York and other Hospitals. For sale by druggists.

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THE LATEST NEWS
is that all who have used Law's Bluing find it far excels indigo at a much less expense. It is used for bluing and bleaching, also for coloring rag carpets it is unequaled. Each package retails for 15 cents, and makes one quart of bluing strong enough for ink, which flows from a pen

Economical Farming.

Nowhere are the disastrous effects of a false system of economy more apparent than in the management of a farm. The man who thinks that economy stands for starvation of mind and body, for a mean, petty, selfish, narrow way of living will ever be as far from success in farming as he is from the truth of the matter of economy.

The farmer has constantly before him the best teacher of true economical principles that there is in the world, and that is Nature itself. All her operations are carried on according to those principles in their best and strictest sense. Nature is a wise conservator of forces, and her energies are always spent when and where they are needed, to the full extent demanded, no more nor less. She gives to every herb and plant its full compliment of nutritious juices and makes the mistake of supposing that if she holds back a part this year they will do just as well for it in the next. She is generous without being prodigal: she is free without being foolish. She does act upon the principle that it is waste of time and energy to make some things beautiful as well as lasting, and that everything is lost that is not spent in ministering to the commonest everyday uses. Among other lessons that may be deduced from a study of the science of economy is, that it is a poor way to effect its ends in farming to erect poor, unsightly, unsubstantial buildings for any purposes.

It may cost less money to build a house in a make-shift fashion, with thin, open walls, unseasoned doors and windows, and refuse lumber for the roof and floor timbers, but after a few years, if the cost is counted up, of repairs, mending leaky roofs, and putting in new materials, to say nothing of the doctor's bills brought about by cold and dampness, it will be found that economy missed its aim in this instance, and that a good house, well put together, strong and durable, would have been a saving in the end. There is, moreover, more actual waste in household matters where accommodations for storage are poor and inadequate, than where facilities and conveniences are provided for doing work quickly and neatly, and properly caring for things.

It is much easier to practice economy in all household matters where the house itself is built and conveniently arranged in its interior. The same principles may be applied to buildings for storing produce and farm implements and for sheltering stock. Success in farming depends to a very large degree not only in producing abundant harvests and raising fine stock, but in knowing how to care for them after they come into possession. The profits of a summer's work will soon leak and waste away in poor, rickety granaries and barns, and the finest stock soon deteriorates in cold, dirty, crowded stables.

No farmer can afford to put the product of a season's labor under shelter that is not shelter but where it is constantly exposed to drippings from the roof, to destruction by mice and rats, and wastefulness in all directions. It is the poorest kind of economy to erect cheap, ill-arranged out buildings on a farm.

The economical farmer will keep well supplied with the best agricultural implements that his means will afford and that he can use to advantage. He will not make the mistake of thinking that because these things cost more at first than the old-fashioned tools he will save money by plodding along in the old way. He will see that a machine that does the work of ten men much easier than all together could do it, will be a saving in the end over a tool that does not cost a fiftieth part as much but which requires ten times as much hard labor. He will keep his implements, when not in active use, under cover, and make such necessary repairs as they may require without delay. Good tools in bad order are a continual drain upon the farmer's pocket.

Good, strong fences on division lines and between pastures and growing crops are a true means of saving. A single inroad by the sheep and cattle in a field of growing corn or wheat costs more than a long section of firm, well built fence. Economy goes wrong when it dictates the building of fences out of material that rots down or blows away the first season.

It pays in the end to keep the best breeds of stock and feed them well and treat them kindly. It costs no more to feed and shelter the best kind of cattle than it does an indifferent, mongrel breed. Poor, broken-down, diseased horses are more expensive than young, sound animals. They require much care and do not do their work half as well. The same truths will apply to sheep, hogs and poultry. If any of these are kept, it pays to keep the best.

In short, it will be found that the true way to save is oftimes to give—to deal generously with man and beast, and not spare to-day what must be compensated or wholly lost to-morrow. It is not the way to make sure gains by wasting the powers of mind and body in unremitting labor. He is wisest who rightly so distributes his time between necessary work and recreation as to keep the whole being mentally and physically in tune.

Forfeited Land Grants.

The land grant forfeiture bills which promptly passed the democratic house and now linger in the republican senate, bring to mind the prodigality with which the controlling party lavished the public lands upon speculators and railroad enterprises of questionable utility. The bills are designed to recover a vast number of acres given to beneficiaries who have not complied even with the easy terms upon which the grants were made.

This almost if not completely criminal disposition made of the public domain apportioned, among mincr grants, 12,000,000 acres to the Union Pacific road; to the Atlantic and Pacific, 42,000,000; to the Northern Pacific, 47,000,000; the largest grant being larger than the state of Pennsylvania.

These are colossal figures representing not only the immensity of the steal by which so large a portion of the public domain was taken from the ownership of the people, but also the turpitude of that class of statesmen who personally profitted by the dishonest transfer.

Among them was one who put it on record in letters written with his own pen that when he employed his official influence in assisting to rob the people of their lands for the benefit of rail road corporations, he was not to be considered a deadhead in the enterprise. He is now the republican candidate running on a platform which hypocritically demands that the public lands must be reserved for the use of the people.—*Patriot.*

The State Fair Grounds.

The work is progressing rapidly on the main building of the State agricultural Society at Broad street and Lehigh avenue, Philadelphia. The other buildings, which are four in number, are rapidly approaching completion. The stables and cattle pens have been finished for some time. The Contractor J. B. Doyle, who is in charge of the work, reported to the building committee that he would have no difficulty in turning over the work on August 1, as stipulated. From that time to September 8, the date of the opening of the fair, the work of receiving entries and allotting space can go on without a hitch.

The great autumnal exhibition, for which the grounds were planned, has been a wanderer throughout the State for the most part of its thirty years of existence. It has, however, long been the desire of the society to have a permanent ground and this spring the time was ripe. $70,000 was the amount required for the building. Part of this sum the society had in hand. Their friends the two great railroad companies which are to be benefited by the enterprise made up the rest and the site was selected.

The plot of rolling ground on which the buildings are being put up is thirty-six acres in extent and belongs to William Weightman, of the firm of Powers & Weightman. The only consideration for the ten-year lease which he gave to the society was that they should pay the taxes. The Sixteenth Street Station of both railroads is close at hand and the terminus of the Thirteenth and Fifteenth Street Passenger Railway is just outside of the bounds. The tracks of this line and those of the Reading Railroad Company will enter the grounds at the southeast corner. The Pennsylvania Railroad is to have a special station at the northeast entrance, while the main access, where a gate house is now nearly finished, is at the Seventeenth street entrance on the south side of the grounds. The society proposes to plant trees and do a great deal of grading in the autumn. For the present, the only improvement will be about the buildings. The latter will fairly fill the great enclosure when finished. The stables, which are completed, run all along the north side of the grounds. They will hold one hundred and twenty-five horses. At the western end of the grounds, and also in complete readiness, are the sheep and the cattle sheds. There are five long pens, which will accommodate in all six hundred and eighty animals.

The great main building, which is to occupy the middle of the grounds, will be 300 feet long by 150 feet wide. Its height is to be 65 feet. The seed house, which is next in size to the main building, stands beside the poultry house, in the northeast corner of the grounds. Its length is 200 and its breadth 60 feet. The poultry house is 150 by 50 feet. Both face east and west. Floral Hall, which also stands to the east of the main building, is 100 by 60 feet in dimensions. For the convenience of visitors to the grounds there is a large restaurant in course of construction to the west of the main building.

All the work so far accomplished has been done since May 1. A force of one hundred and forty men was employed. The buildings are of yellow pine and hemlock. Considering the materials, they are unusually substantial. Fawn color is to be the prevailing tone in the decoration of all the structures.

Grabbing Land for Grazing.

The Attorney General has been requested to bring suits against the following persons who have unlawfully fenced in large tracts of land for grazing purposes:

The enclosure of W. J. Wilson, containing about 40,000 acres of public lands in Kansas and Nebraska; the tracts fenced by Nichols, Beach & Co., Keith & Hershey, in Lincoln county, Nebraska, containing 1083,31, 1,414,38 and 380,38 acres respectively; the enclosure of about 5,000 acres of land in Mancos Canon, Colorado, by John White; the enclosure of Weber Canon, Colorado, containing about 6,000 acres, by one Alberson; the enclosure of Chick, Browne & Co., containing about 30,000 acres, in Colorado; and the Brighton Ranch Company's enclosure, containing about 52,000 acres of land, in Custer county, Nebraska.

Reports have been received from one of the special agents, showing the fencing of two tracts of public lands in eastern Colorado, one of which contains about 720,000 acres and the other about 8,000 acres.

In the several cases referred to fraudulent entries were made by or at the instance and in the interest of the owners of the ranches of the valuable tracts within the enclosures, and in one case the parties entered, under the preemption law, all of the lands, or nearly so, upon which their fence was located, in the names of their relatives and employees, many of whom resided in the county, and none of whom ever attempted to comply with the law, evidently for the purpose of preventing settlers from taking the other lands within the enclosure.

Congress has not taken up too promptly the repression of this practice of lawlessly enclosing public lands with wire fences for exclusive use as stock ranges—one of the coolest frauds of the day.

Ashes for Fruit Trees.

A farmer gives the result of his observation on the subject. I have an orchard of superior apples, of which I am a great admirer. I discovered one spring that several of the trees were in a state of decline, and upon examination found every tree infested with vermin of different kinds. I dug the turf from around the trunk of each tree, and applied half a bushel of leached ashes in its place, piling them up around the body of each tree. The improvement in the orchard soon became apparent, and I have no doubt if the same process were repeated annually, it would be attended with like favorable results. I examined the trees last fall and found all of them clear of vermin but one, which I purposely omitted applying the ashes to. This leads me to the conclusion that ashes destroy the vermin, and likewise promote the growth of the trees.

A Catskillian has fixed up an old Concord coach, and painted on the sides the words, "Sally Hoe." As yet no one has told him of his mistake, and the vehicle causes much merriment among summer tourists.

The future is all wonderland to the young. Life is like a beautiful and winding lane—on either side bright flowers, beautiful butterflies, and tempting fruits, which we scarcely pause to taste and admire, so eager are we to hasten to an opening which we imagine must be more beautiful still.

Vital Questions!!!!

Ask the most eminent physician

Of any school, what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying all irritation of the nerves, and curing all forms of nervous complaints, giving natural, childlike refreshing sleep always?

And they will tell you unhesitatingly

"Some form of Hops!!!"

CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians:

"What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention, or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases and ailments peculiar to Women"—

"And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically *"Buchu!!!!"*

Hence, when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable,

And compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed, which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill health can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is

Harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

Ask the same physicians

"What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia; constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malaria fever ague, &c.," and they will tell you:

Mandrake! or Dandelion!!!!"

CHAPTER II

"Patients

"Almost dead or nearly dying"

For years, and given up by physicians, of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs, called consumption, have been cured.

Women gone nearly crazy!!!!

From agony of neuralgia, nervousness, wakefulness, and various diseases peculiar to women.

People drawn out of shape from excruciating pangs of rheumatism, inflammatory and chronic, or suffering from scrofula.

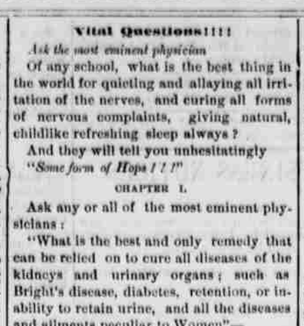
Erysipelas!

"Saltrheum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion, and in fact, almost all diseases frail"

Nature is heir to

Have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known world.

None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.



AGENCY OF

WILEY & RUSSELL'S

LABOR SAVING TOOLS

&

MACHINERY.

Head Qaurters for Iron, Steel, Horseshoes Nails and Wagon Makers' and Blacksmiths' Supplies.

Israel Bittenbender, Store & Warerooms 28 Franklin Ave., also warerooms 1'1 Franklin Ave., and 105 Centre street.

SCRANTON PA.

may 23 1y

SCHOOL HOUSE LETTING.

The school directors of Jackson township will recive proposals for building a new school house near Derr's store, on the premises, on Saturday, July 19th at 2 o'clock p. m.

July 4-2 w By order of Directors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF HARRIET VANLIEW, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary in the estate of Harriet Vanliew, late of Orange township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, have been granted by Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay. A. C. VANLIEW,

July 4-6 w Administrator.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF E. T. FIELD, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of E. T. Field, late of Centralia, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administratrix. All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administratrix without delay.

MRS. SALOME BRADSHAW,
No. 149 Richmond St.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

W. BRYSON, Atty. Administratrix.

July 4-6 w

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

PHILADELPHIA

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES

RICE, SPICES, SICARB SODA, &C., &C.

N. E. Corner Second and Archstreets.

Orders will receive prompt attentio

ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCES,

OF CAST OR WROUGHT IRON.

Suitable for

Yards,

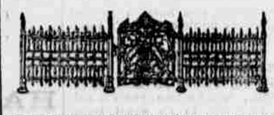
Cemetery Lots

and

Public Grounds.

—:o:—

The following shows the Picket Gothic, one of the several beautiful styles of Fence manufactured by the undersigned.



For Beauty and Durability they are unsurpassed. Set up by experienced hands and warranted to give satisfaction.

Prices and specimens of other designs sent to any address.

Address

S. M. HESS,

BLOOMSBURG PA.

May 4-1f

D. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL

Cures Rheumatism, Lumbago, Lame Back, Sprains and Bruises, Asthma, Catarrh, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Burns, Frost Bites, Tooth, Ear, and Headache, and all pains and aches.

The best internal and external remedy in the world. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold by medicine dealers everywhere. Directions in eight languages.

Price 50 cents and $1.00.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop'rs,
BUFFALO, N. Y., U. S. A.

SUBSCRIBE FOR

THE COLUMBIAN,

$1.50 A YEAR.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JACOB HONS, DECEASED.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county by agreement of parties, to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the administrator to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday, July 12th 1884, at ten o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove their claim or be debarred from any share of said fund.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
June 13 Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CHARLES HAYES, DECEASED, LATE OF CATAWISSA, PA.

Letters of administration on the estate of Charles Hayes deceased, late of Catawissa, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

CLINTON ELLIS,
Rhawn & Robbins Atty's Administrator.
June 16-6w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SAMUEL RIMBY, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary in the estate of Samuel Rimby late of Madison township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased having been granted by the register of said county to the undersigned executor. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present the same for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment without delay.

LEVI D. GEIGER,
Executor.
Washingtonville, Montour county, Pa.
June 5 1884. June 13-6w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN GUINS, SR., DECEASED.

Letters testamentary in the estate of John Guins, Sr., late of Catawissa, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned executor. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the same to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

CLINTON ELLIS,
Jun 20-6w Executor.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

The Directors of Bloom School District will hold a meeting on Saturday evng July 12 at which time the teachers and janitors for the ensuing year will be selected. All applications, to receive consideration, must be handed to the secretary on or before that day. PETER JONES,
2t Secretary.

SCHOOL HOUSE LETTING.

The Directors of Hemlock School District will receive bids for building a new school house for said district, on Saturday July 19th at the school house in Buckhorn, at 2 o'clock p. m. Plans and specification can be seen at C. H. Dieterick's hotel. At the same time the old school house will be offered for sale. By order of Directors.

June 27-3 w

STATEMENT
—OF—
Bloomsburg School District

For the Year Ending June 2, 1884.

Tax rate 7 mills on the dollar valuation for school purposes, and 2 mills for building purposes.

M. C. WOODWARD, COLLECTOR.

	Dr.		
To am't of duplicate 1883–'84		$7599 61	
" bal on duplicate 1882–'83		868 85	$8378 46
	Cr.		
By exonerations on dup. 1883–1883— less commission		16 66	
" exonerations on dup. 1883–'84		105 57	
"amount paid Treasurer		6752 19	
" 2 per cent com. on $7401 01		148 08	
"am't due dist's on dup 1883–'84		1355 96	8378 46
STEPHEN KNORR, TREAS.			
	Dr.		
To am't from former Treasurer		37 31	
" am't from Collector		6782 19	
" am't from state appropriation		729 60	
"Tuition Thomas Metherell		7 00	7556 10
	Cr.		
By am't orders red'm'd for 1883–'84		5883 62	
" am't coupons pd $363 00 less state tax $24 20 off		338 80	
By am't Bonds Nos 47, 48, 49, paid, 1100 00			
" Int on same from July 1, 1883 till redeemed, less tax		35 34	
By am't pd O T Wilson Ex-Treasurer due for bal coupons paid by him		24 00	
By Treasurer's commission		29 96	
" Collector's commission		29 83	
" exonerations on duplicate '83–'84		10 13	
"bal due on duplicate '83–'84		373 98	1942 04
SCHOOL TAX FUND.			
	Dr.		
To am't levied for school purposes		6007 71	
" amt due from former collector		4 8 71	
" amt due from former treasurer		37 31	
" amt state appropriation		729 60	
"amt tuition from T Metherell		7 00	7210 33
	Cr.		
By amt paid 16 teachers		4560 00	
" amt paid 2 janitors		400 00	
" amt paid 2 janitors during holidays		10 00	
" amt paid for publishing statement and printing		52 50	
By amt paid Bloom Water Co		12 00	
" amt paid sundry persons for cleaning buildings		37 62	
By amt paid auditors		3 00	
" amt pd C W Neal & Bro., coal		220 90	
" amt pd Jas C Sterner, wood		2 00	
" amt pd Freas Brown, (insurance)		89 25	
" amt pd O A Jacoby stone for pavement		101 64	
By amt paid for repairs		325 91	
" " " supplies		44 80	
By additional exonerations on duplicate '82—'83 less com		16 66	
By exonerations on duplicate '83—'84		95 44	
" Collector's commission		118 25	
" Treasurer's commission		117 20	
" Balance on duplicate '83—'84		981 98	
" " in Treasury		21 18	7210 33

STATEMENT OF BONDS OUTSTANDING JUNE 1, 1884

No. 50. Bond issued to Freas Brown, due Oct. 1, '84	200 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	5 00	205 00
No. 51 Bond Issued to Silas Conner, due Oct 1, '84	500 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1, —'84	12 50	512 50
No. 52. Bond issued to Silas Conner, due Oct 1, '84	500 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	12 50	512 50
No. 53. Bond issued to Freas Brown, due Oct 1, '85	200 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	5 00	205 00
No. 54. Bond issued to Silas Conner, due Oct 1, 1885	500 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	12 50	512 50
No. 55. Bond issued to Silas Conner, due Oct 1, '85	500 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	12 50	512 50
No. 56. Bond issued to Moyer Bros, due July 1, 1886	500 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	12 50	512 50
No. 57. Bond issued to David Stroup, due July 1, 1886	500 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	12 50	512 50
No. 58. Bond issued to Creasy & Brown, due July 1, 1886	200 00	
Int from July 1—'83 to June 1—'84	11 00	211 00
No. 59. Bond issued to Creasy & Brown, due July 1, 1886	100 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	2 50	102 50
No. 60. Bond issued to Luzetta Cressy, due July 1, 1886	100 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	2 50	102 50
No. 61. Bond issued to David Stroup, due July 1, 1887	100 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	2 50	102 50
No. 62 Bond Issued to David Stroup, due July 1, 1887	500 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	12 50	512 50
No. 63. Bond Issued to David Stroup, due July 1, '87	500 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	12 50	512 50
No. 64. Bond issued to Creasy & Brown, due July 1, '87	200 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	5 00	205 00
No. 65. Bond Issued to E. B. Brower, due July 1, '87	100 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	2 50	102 50
No. 66. Bond issued to J. J. Brower, due July 1, '87	200 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	5 00	205 00
No. 67. Bond issued to R. W. Smith, due July 1, '87	100 00	
Int from Jan 1—'84 to June 1—'84	2 50	102 50
Bonded indebtedness		$5643 50

ASSETS.

Cash due from Collector	$1355 96	
" " " Treasury	21 18	
" " " C. W. Eves	120 00	
" " for Tuition	54 00	
Tax due from commissions	54 43	1605 57

LIABILITIES.

Bonds and interest to June 1, '84	5643 50	
Secretary's salary 1882—'83 Wm. Krickbaum	150 00	
Secretary's salary 1883—'84 Jas. C. Brown	125 00	5918 50
Actual indebtedness		$4312 93

JAS. C. BROWN, Secretary.
O. T WILSON, President.

The undersigned Auditors having examined the above accounts and statements with the vouchers as presented by the Treasurer find the same correct and approved thereof.

F. D. DENTLER,
CHAS. R. HOUSEL, } Auditors.

H. G. Eshleman,

Plumber and gas fitter. Rear of Schuyler's hardware store.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

All kinds of fittings for steam, gas and water pipes constantly on hand.

Roofing and spouting attended to at short notice.

Tinware of every description made to order.

Orders left at Schuyler & Co's, hardware store will be promptly filled.

Special attention given to heating by steam and hot water.

May 9-1y

SPEER'S

PORTUGAL GRAPE WINE

Also

UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE.

Used in the principal Churches for Communion. Excellent for Females, Weakly Persons and the aged.

EXCELLENT FOR FEMALES AND WEAKLY PERSONS.

Speer's Port Grape Wine!

FOUR YEARS OLD.

THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the dead ripe Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards. Its invaluable,

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other Wine. Being produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness, are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. The youngest child may partake of it, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex.

It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Speer's Unfermanted Grape Juice.

Is the juice of the Oporto Grapes preserved in its natural, fresh, sweet state as it runs from the press by fumigation, thereby destroying the exciter of fermentation. It is perfectly pure, free from spirits and will keep in any climate.

Speer's Burgundy.

Is a dark rich medium Dry Wine used by the wealthy classes as a Table or Dinner Wine, and by physicians in cases where a dry wine instead of a sweet port is desired.

Speer's (Socialite) Claret.

Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine especially suited for dinner use.

Speer's P. J. Sherry.

Is a wine of Superior Character and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

Speer's P. J. Brandy.

IS A PURE distillation from the grape, and stands unrivalled in this Country for medicinal purposes.

It has a peculiar flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

SOLD BY C. A. KLEIM.
AND BY DRUGGISTS EVERY WHERE.
Sep. 28-'81yr.

SALESMEN WANTED

To sell Nursery Stock for the Hooker Nurseries. Established 1865. Liberal SALARY AND EXPENSES paid. Permanent employment. Send for terms. H. E. HOOKER COMPANY,
May 23-2 m Rochester, N. Y.

$66 a week at home. $5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

Dec 21-1y

STAFFORD'S EXTRA BLACKING

Gives a MORE BRILLIANT SHINE THAN ANY OTHER.

IN BOXES WHICH PREVENT SOILING THE HANDS.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

S. S. STAFFORD,
New York.

July 11-4w d

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

Hay Fever, Is a type of catarrh having peculiar symptoms. It is attended by an inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the nostrils, tear-ducts, and throat, affecting the lungs. An acrid mucus is secreted, the discharge is accompanied with a painful burning sensation. There are severe spasms of sneezing, frequent attacks of blinding headache, a watery and inflamed state of the eyes.

Ely's Cream Balm is a remedy founded on a correct diagnosis of the disease and can be depended upon. 50 cts. at druggists; 60 cts. by mail. Sample bottle by mail 10 cts. ELY Bros, Owego, N. Y.

I recommend to those suffering (as I have) with Hay Fever, Ely's Cream Balm. I have tried nearly all the remedies, and give this a decided preference over them all. It has given me immediate relief. C. T. STEPHENS, Hardware Merchant, Ithaca, N. Y. June 20-4 w

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK. THE GREAT ENG- TRADE MARK.

LISH REMEDY. An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that led to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.

BEWARE of advertisements to refund money, when druggists from whom the medicine is bought *do not refund*, but refer you to the manufacturers, and the requirements are such that they are *seldom, if ever*, complied with. Their written guarantee. A trial of one single package of Gray's specific will convince the most skeptical of its real merits.

On account of counterfeits, we have adopted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package or 6 packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on the receipt of the money, by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold in Bloomsburg by all druggists.

Nov 9 1y

GENTS WANTED FOR THE LIVES OF BLAINE and LOGAN

By Col. Thos W. Knox. Outsells all others 10 to 1. Authentic, Impartial, Complete, the *Best* and *Cheapest*. 500 pages $1.50. *Sells like wildfire.* 50 per cent. to Agents. Outfit *Free. Freights paid.* Address *at once* the Hartford Publishing Co., Hartford, Conn. June 27-4 w. d

AGENTS wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free, HALLETT BOOK CO., Portland; Maine. Dec 21-1y

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CARRIAGE SHOP,

BERWICK, PENN'A.

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MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

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A positive Cure for Dandruff, Falling Hair, and all Scalp Diseases.

CAPILLARIS

Will give you a luxuriant Head of Hair.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS & PERFUMERS.

F. HILL MANSFIELD, Prop., Portland, Maine.

June 27-4w d

COLEMAN Business

COLLEGE, NEWARK, N. J.

100 students from Pennsylvania in 1883. More positions graduates than all other schools combined. Life Scholarship, $60. Write for circulars.

COLEMAN & PALMS, Proprietors.

June 13-4w F

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING ON SHORT NOTICE AT THIS OFFICE.

J. H. SALTZER,

HEADQUARTERS

For the Celebrated Chickering, Ivers & Pond, and Vose & Son Pianos. World-renowned Estey Organs, Violins, Accordeons and Sheet Music. Celebrated White, New High Arm Davis, New Home, Royal St. John, and Light Running Domestic Sewing Machines. Needles, oil and attachments for all makes of Sewing Machines.

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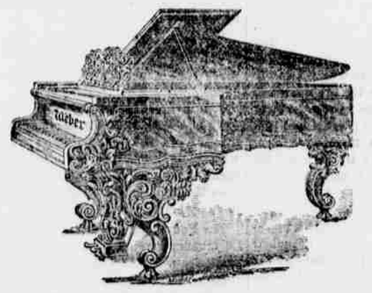

PIANOS,

FINE INLAID FRENCH WALNUT CASE ORGAN, 9 STOPS, $90 CASH.

Easy Terms. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

BACON'S PIANO WARE ROOMS,

MUSIC HALL BLOCK, WILKES-BARRE, PA

June1

GRAND WORD CONTEST! SECOND SERIES

ENTERTAINING AND INSTRUCTIVE PASTIME. LARGELY INCREASED NUMBERS OF RAREPRIZES AND COSTLY PREMIUMS GIVEN.

Owing to the great success of our former Word Contest, which expired May 1st, and the many requests of persons who saw our offer too late to compete, we concluded to offer the following magnificent presents to the persons making out the largest lists of words from the letters comprising the words:

"USE DAY'S SOAP ONLY."

1st.	Solid Gold Watch, Worth $100	8th.	Fruit Stand, Rich, Blue or Amber Glass $17
2d.	Magnificent Tea Set and Salver 100	9th.	Tete-a-Tete Set, 5 pieces, Rad or Amber 15
3rd.	Diamond Earrings 75	10th.	Bell Caster, Chased Handles 10
4th.	Lady's Gold Watch 50	11th.	Ice Pitcher, 8 qts. Chased Double Walled 10
5th.	Gents' Diamond Scarf Pin 25	12th.	Cake Stand, Chased and Gold Lined 7
6th.	Elegant Tilting Ice Water Set, Silver Plate Cup 22	13th.	Fruit Stand, Rock Crystal Cut Glass 7
7th.	Toilet Stand, with Satin Lined Jewel Drawer 21		

100 BOXES DAY'S SOAP to be distributed among **SPECIAL PREMIUM OF $20** remaining highest competitors.

For the nearest list with fewest errors, provided the list has half the number of words of the highest competitor.

CONDITIONS.

First. All lists must be fully prepaid and accompanied by two cent stamp for return postage, a statement that you are using DAY'S SOAP in your family, name and address of grocer from whom you buy it, number of words in list, and your name and address, all to be written on one sheet of paper, separate from list.

Second. Words must be written plainly, numbered, and alphabetically arranged. The biographical names, names of fiction, Scripture proper names, modern geographical names, and Christian names, must be classified separately.

Third. Only words found in Webster's or Worcester's dictionary admitted; this will include any word from the first to the last with the exceptions of prefixes and suffixes as separate words and obsolete words; words of same spelling, but different meanings, to be used but once.

Fourth. Plurals of all words admitted except biographical names, names of fiction, Scripture proper names, modern geographical names, and Christian names, but apostrophes denoting possessive case or other wise not admitted.

Fifth. No words counted unless the letters comprising them are contained in USE DAY'S SOAP ONLY, that is, any word having one U, one S, one E, one D, one A, one Y, one S, one O, one A, one P, will be known as.

Sixth. All lists must be in by December 1st, and the Premiums will be awarded Dec. 20th.

Seventh. Premiums will be given in rotation according to the largest lists of words.

Eighth. Lists must not be sent in rolls, but put in envelopes.

Ninth. Mail or send lists to our New York Office, 103 Reade Street, or our Philadelphia Office, 1326 Howard Street.

The DAY'S SOAP has been largely sold by Wholesale and Retail Grocers throughout the United States for five years, and wherever its merits are known it enjoys unbounded popularity. Notwithstanding these facts we have received many hundred letters from people who have used DAY'S SOAP, and in many instances refused flatly to supply their customers with it; not only standing in their own light, but doing us great injustice. It is to be hoped, and it is also our desire, that contestants will in every effort to have their grocer supply them, but in case they will not, we will, on receipt of $1.00, forward to any part of the United States, east of Mississippi River, express prepaid, 10 cakes, including three of our Beautifully Emboss